

OFFICE OF THE BASUTOLAND DELIMITATION
COMMISSION

M A S E R U
January, 1965.

Motlotlehi Moshoeshoe II,
Paramount Chief of Basutoland,
M A T S I E N G.

Motlotlehi,

The undersigned, who were appointed by you as a Delimitation Commission under the provisions of Regulation 9 of the National Assembly (Franchise and Registration of Electors) Regulations, 1964, have the honour to present the following report:-

1. In pursuance of decisions come to at the Basutoland Constitutional Conference held in London in May, 1964, the Basutoland (Electoral Provisions) Order-in-Council, 1964, authorised the Resident Commissioner to make provision by regulation for, inter alia, the division of Basutoland into sixty constituencies for the purpose of the election of sixty members of the National Assembly on the basis of universal adult suffrage.
2. The National Assembly Regulations promulgated in terms of the Order-in-Council, after making provision for the appointment of a Delimitation Commission to effect this division into constituencies, direct that the electoral quotas of the constituencies are to be as nearly equal as appears to the Commission to be reasonably practicable. The Commission may however depart from this principle in order to take account of: -
 - (a) The density of population, and in particular the need to ensure adequate representation of sparsely populated areas;
 - (b) The means of communication;

- (c) Community of interest;
- (d) Geographical features; and
- (e) The boundaries of existing administrative areas.

The electoral quota for any constituency is however not to exceed or fall short of the national electoral quota by more than ten per cent. If the Commission considers it impracticable to delimit the constituencies without exceeding such variation it must make an interim report on the subject to the Resident Commissioner. The electoral quota for a constituency is to be arrived at by estimating the number of the population of Basutoland who are of or above the age of twenty-one years, and dividing it by sixty.

3. While steps were being taken for the appointment of this Commission for the purpose of the necessary delimitation of constituencies the Basutoland Government established machinery for the compilation of lists of persons qualified for the vote under the new constitution; that is, persons of both sexes of and above the age of twenty-one years. These are the "Pitso Lists" referred to in Regulation 8 of the National Assembly Regulations. Assistant Registration Officers were appointed to carry out this work in co-operation with the chiefs in the various districts. In order to assist the Commission by ascertaining as nearly as possible not merely the adults entitled to vote but the whole adult population, these officers were instructed to record, in addition, the names and number of adults disqualified from voting under the provisions of the Proclamation. They were also to record the names of persons qualified to vote but absent from Basutoland. This machinery was set in motion within a few days of the first meeting of the Commissions.

4. The Commission met for the first time on the 30th July, 1964. Immediately after this meeting it issued in the Gazette

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and the Press an invitation to the public to send in written representations on any question relating to the delimitation, and to state whether or not a hearing in Maseru was desired. A number of replies to this invitation were received from political parties and individual persons. So far as the Commission has been able to ascertain there are four political parties. Deputations were received at an early stage from three of these, the fourth party having failed to keep an appointment which had been made for it. Deputations representing the College of Chiefs and a group of members of the Legislative Council were also heard. In addition the Commission received a few persons who desired to present their individual views.

5. Shortly after it began its labours the Commission let it be known that it proposed to draw up a provisional scheme of delimitation, and having done so to visit the various administrative centres in turn in order to give to all persons concerned an opportunity of stating their views upon the Commission's proposals. This procedure was carried out. A provisional scheme was issued to the districts during November 1964, and meetings open to the public were held in the various districts between the 1st and 14th December. Some of these meetings drew very large audiences. They were productive of useful suggestions which the Commission was able to adopt, but there were a number which the Commission was unable to follow consistently with its terms of reference.

6. The Commission considered at an early stage the degree of importance to be attached to the various factors, set out in paragraph (2) of this Report, which were to be taken into account in order to justify departure from the principle of equality of adult population.

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The Regulations made it clear that in the absence of an amendment the Commission had no discretion to exceed the permissible variation of ten per cent above or below the quota. This imposed a very narrow limit upon the allowance which might be made for the different factors of variation, and it was no doubt a realisation of that fact which was responsible for the provision enabling the Commission to make an interim report to the Resident Commissioner should it find that the restriction was impracticable. The Commission has not, however, found it necessary to make an interim report on this point.

7. The most important of the permissible factors appeared to be "(b) the means of communication" and "(c) Geographical features", which are so closely interrelated that they may conveniently be considered together. By far the greater part of the area of Basutoland consists of high mountain ranges intersected by deep valleys, many of which contain rivers which in the rainy season become rushing torrents and may be impassable for two or three weeks at a time; and a flood period might conceivably occur at the time of an election. In many cases the only means of crossing the mountain ranges is by bridle path. Roads and bridges are few, and the roads, where they exist, are often usable only by the "jeep" type of vehicle. The presence of mountain ranges and rivers has therefore an important bearing not only upon the siting of boundaries between constituencies, but also upon the allocation of adult population to the constituencies, since a strict adherence to the principle of equality might result in an artificial boundary, making it difficult or inconvenient for a section of the voters to get to the polls. These conditions obtain more especially in the mountain areas, and do not apply in the same degree to the remaining extent of the country, consisting of the lowlands and the foothills.

8. Differences in density of population (factor (a)) are also of importance, and are related to the factors just discussed. The mountain areas are the least, and the lowland areas the most densely populated areas. The least densely populated district in 1956 was that of Mokhotlong, in the mountains, with a density of 25 to the square mile, and the most densely populated Berea, in regard to population a predominantly lowland and foothill district, with a density of 88. Density of population in the mountains did not appear to be of great importance as affecting the ability of voters to cast their votes, since this would depend upon the number and placing of polling stations; but it would have a bearing upon the ability of members of the National Assembly and of candidates for election to cover their areas at and between elections.

9. The question of community of interest (factor (d)) did not appear to the Commission to be of great importance; almost the whole African population of Basutoland was in 1956, and is today, a rural population. The Commission was informed that the mountain population was mainly dependent upon livestock, while the lowland population relied principally upon agriculture, but in the circumstances prevailing in Basutoland there is no important diversity of interest between the mainly agricultural and the mainly pastoral sections of the population. There is no division, such as is to be found in the Republic of South Africa, into a farming population on the one hand and an industrial, mining or commercial community on the other.

10. A certain degree of urbanisation has developed round some of the administrative centres, such for example as Maseru, but this is comparatively unimportant at its present stage, and the Commission has had it in mind when dealing with these localities.

11. A population said to be between 2,000 and 3,000 persons has sprung up at the Letsie-le-Draai diamond diggings in the Mokhotlong district, but the Commission was informed that this was not a settled population, as it consisted mainly of men who lived in adjoining areas and would vote in their home villages.

12. Some community of interest, however, is afforded by tribal affiliations, and the Commission has endeavoured to regard tribal sentiment as far as possible.

13. The remaining factor to be considered is (e), the geographical boundaries of the existing administrative areas. At one of the public meetings held in order to discuss the provisional scheme, it was contended that the Commission had exceeded its terms of reference wherever it had combined portion of one administrative district with portion of an adjoining district, because this involved the elimination of the district boundary in that constituency. It is clear however from the wording of Regulation 10 (3) of the National Assembly Regulations that the Commission has discretion to do this, and that the location of existing district boundaries is in no different position from the other factors of variation which the Commission has to take into account.

14. In a modern democracy it is important not only that the demarcation of boundaries should be based upon the principle of numerical equality, but also that the voters in each constituency should have convenient facilities for voting. These considerations should have precedence, within reason, over questions of administrative convenience, and the Commission has in some cases found it impossible to preserve district boundaries and at the same time to keep within the permissible numerical limits, or to give due regard to community of interest and convenience of communication.

A typical example of this type of difficulty arose in regard to the District Council Electoral Division of Motete, in the district of Butha Buthe. Owing to the existence of high mountain ranges this Division has no convenient means of communication with its administrative centre, Buthe Buthe, and the Commission was informed that residents in the divisional area were obliged to make a detour through the Leribe district in order to reach Butha Buthe. The Commission therefore decided to combine this area with an area in Leribe district, and the constituency of Malibamatso (No. 5) is the result. Similarly community of interest and proximity suggested the inclusion in the Maseru constituency of Sebaboleng, a semi-urban settlement, which, though situated in the district of Berea, lies only 2.8 miles from Maseru.

15. It became apparent very soon after the Commission began its deliberations that difficulties would arise in estimating the adult population of Basutoland with a view to the fixing of the national electoral quota. Regulation 10 (4) of the National Assembly Regulations provides that in calculating the estimated number of the population who are of or above the age of twenty-one years the Commission may refer to the latest census of the population and such other statistical advice and evidence as is available. The most recent census took place in 1956, and though this reveals the total population in that year the census tables do not divide the Basuto population into adults and non-adults.

16. It was not practicable to attempt to remedy this lack of information by examination of the field records collected for the purpose of the census. The Commission had therefore to consider whether it was possible, from other statistical evidence, to estimate the number of the adult population 1956, in order, having done so, to use such an estimate as a basis from which to calculate the probable adult population at the

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present day.

17. In 1960 a Social Survey based upon the Census was carried out by Professor Batson of the University of Cape Town, and in the same year an Agricultural Population Survey was carried out by the Government statistician, Mr. Morojele. The Commission considered the possibility of using the material employed in these two surveys in order to arrive at a reasonably accurate estimate of the present day adult population. In each case however, the survey had been made on the sampling system, the information relating to a comparatively small number of families having been examined. For that reason and for others which it does not appear necessary to elaborate, it seemed doubtful whether this would provide a satisfactory basis for the delimitation.

18. The Commission also considered the possibility of using the information contained in the Voters' Rolls which were compiled for the purpose of election of members of the District Councils established by Proclamation No. 52 of 1959. This proved impracticable in view of the fact that very few women were entitled to vote at the District Council elections, the payment of tax being one of the qualifications for the vote, and there being very few women tax-payers. The Voters' Rolls therefore afforded no guidance as to the number of adults in Basutoland or in any of its districts or electoral divisions.

19. Apart from the difficulty of computing the present adult population from these materials, there was a further complication that such a computation would take no account of shifts of population and in particular of certain abnormal increases in the population of some of the districts which had come to the knowledge of the Commission and which would cause difficulties in adhering to the principle of equality in the electoral quotas.

20. As the delimitation was to pave the way for the first election to be held under the new Constitution, and as, according to the information given to the Commission, there was a fairly even balance of contending political parties, the Commission felt that it was important to aim at the greatest possible degree of accuracy in the data which were to be used as the foundation of the delimitation. It therefore considered the desirability of basing its estimate of the adult population upon the Pitso Lists referred to in paragraph 3 above, which, if the registration were efficiently conducted throughout, could be expected to give an accurate picture of the position at the present time.

21. The matter was however complicated by a further difficulty. The Constitutional Commission which had been appointed in Basutoland in 1962 presented a report suggesting that the date of independence for Basutoland should be fixed at one year after the first elections to be held under the new constitution, on the understanding that these would be held before the end of 1964. At the Constitutional Conference held in London in 1964 it was agreed that every effort would be made to ensure that the first elections would be held before the end of 1964.

22. It was fairly obvious that if the Commission had to wait for the Pitso Lists in order to fix the electoral quota, it would be highly improbable that the election could be held before the end of the year as planned.

23. The Commission discussed with the various deputations which came to interview it the difficulties which were likely to be encountered in ascertaining the adult population, and the desirability or otherwise of waiting for the Pitso Lists for the sake of accuracy in the determination of the quota. It was pointed out that if this course was adopted, it would be difficult to ensure that the first election would take

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place before the end of the year. All the parties and individuals with whom the question was discussed expressed the view that in the interests of accuracy it was desirable to wait for the Pitso Lists. With the exception of one of the political parties all agreed that accuracy in the determination of the quota was more important than the date of the election. After careful consideration the Commission came to the conclusion that it was advisable to wait for the Pitso Lists before setting to work on the drawing of boundaries.

24. There are, unfortunately, difficulties in the way of an accurate enumeration of population in Basutoland, owing mainly to the comparative inaccessibility of certain areas, and the absence at work in the Republic of an abnormally large proportion of the male population. In view of these difficulties, it was considered advisable to use the period of waiting for the Pitso Lists in ascertaining as far as possible, by computation from the census material and other information, what the adult population, both in the country and in the several districts, should be at the present day. Information so obtained would be valuable as a check on the accuracy of the Pitso Lists when received.

25. In this aspect of its inquiry the Commission has received most valuable assistance from the Government statistician. By analysis of the Census material the statistician was able to furnish the Commission with the population figures for each Headman's area or "village" throughout Basutoland, and by process of computation the probable adult population of Basutoland and of its several districts as on the 31st December, 1964.

26. On the statistician's computation, the total adult Basuto population on that date should be 444,621. To this figure must be added the probable adult non-Basuto population on the

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same date and the total figure thus arrived at is 452,135. (Owing to recalculation this figure differs slightly from that which was given in the provisional scheme of delimitation).

27. It had been expected that the Pitso Lists would be available by the end of the first week of October, but it was the end of that month before they all came to hand. It was then found that they could not be relied upon to furnish an accurate or even approximately accurate record of the total number of persons entitled to vote. This was due to various causes: the great difficulty of ascertaining the number of absentees employed on long- or short-term contracts in the Republic; political apathy among the population in certain districts; in a few cases want of co-operation by some of the chiefs; and in general, difficulty of accurate enumeration in the more remote and mountainous areas.

28. It was therefore impossible to use the Lists as material from which to calculate the national electoral quota. This was a great disappointment to the Commission, and caused the loss of a certain amount of valuable time. The Lists did however afford valuable information pointing to certain shifts or abnormal growths of the population in certain areas in the post-census years. It was found for example that in some Headman's areas the number of applications for registration on the voters' roll exceeded the estimated adult population as computed from the census returns. This was the case at Maseru and some other of the lowland localities. This information has been embodied in the Commission's scheme of delimitation. The Pitso Lists also enabled the Commission to bring the lists of villages up to date.

29. The Pitso Lists having proved unreliable as a guide to the total adult population, the Commission was thrown back upon the figures supplied to it by the Government statistician. Adopting the figure 452,135 as the estimated adult population of

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Basutoland at the present day, the national electoral quota was found to be 7,536; the permitted variation of ten percent allowed a maximum number of voters in any constituency of 8,290 and a minimum of 6,782. These figures have been adopted by the Commission in framing the delimitation.

30. The Commission wishes to point out however that the process of computation which yielded these figures was based upon a probable rate of increase of population, and also upon a probable ratio of adults to total population. There was no great degree of certainty that the rate of increase and the ratio referred to were precise. Moreover there is some doubt whether the census figures are entirely reliable, the Government statistician having expressed the opinion, in one of his reports to the Commission, that the census figures were an under-estimate of the population. The figures which the Commission has been obliged to accept can therefore only be regarded as approximate, it being necessary to adopt them in default of precise or recent statistics.

31. The method adopted in the delimitation of Electoral Divisions under the District Councils Elections Proclamation No. 53 of 1959 was to schedule the Headman's areas or "villages" which were to fall into each electoral division. The Commission considered whether it should follow this system or the normal method of delimitation by boundaries marked on maps with written descriptions of the boundaries. Only two maps of Basutoland were available for the latter purpose if adopted.

(i) A 1/250,000 map, the scale of which is too small for accurate delineation and which is moreover inaccurate in important respects.

(ii) A 1/50,000 map in separate sheets, of which about 60 would be required to cover the whole area of Basutoland.

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The latter was considered too unwieldly for the purpose; and moreover though accurate in its representation of physical features these are insufficiently named, which would make the verbal description of boundaries extremely difficult. Enquiries were made as to the possibility of reducing the scale of this map so as to make it more suitable for the purpose, but the delay and the expense involved ruled this out. The Commission therefore decided to follow the method adopted for the purpose of the District Council Electoral Divisions, as it is empowered to do by Regulation 10 (5) of the Regulations.

32. The Electoral Divisions defined in Government Notices 24 and 28 of 1959, made under Section 8 of the District Councils Elections Proclamation, set out the names of the "villages" or areas which are to be included in each electoral division, and the Commission has used these as the basis for its delimitation. In the case of each constituency, therefore, the Appendix which we annex to this report sets out the villages at present included in the constituency concerned, as well as a number of villages, not included in the schedules of 1959, the existence of which has come to the knowledge of the Commission through the Pitso Lists or other sources of information. This method was explained at the various public meetings arranged by the Commission for consideration of its provisional scheme. It was easily understood by the members of the public who were present, it evoked no adverse criticism, and it appeared to be generally acceptable. In the case of each constituency there is, in addition to the list of villages, a written description of the boundaries of the constituency. The list of constituencies, so described, is contained in the First Appendix to this report.

33. The selection of names for the constituencies caused the Commission some little difficulty. It was obviously desirable not to use the name of any existing District Council

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Electoral Division, and the use of the personal names of Chiefs was thought to be likely to cause confusion. The choice of names was therefore somewhat restricted. At all of the public meetings the Commission's difficulty in selecting appropriate names was pointed out, and suggestions for alternative names were invited. In several instances this led to changes in the names originally proposed. Apart from these changes, the names originally allocated appeared to be generally approved.

34. With the assistance of the Government Surveyor the Commission has had the boundaries of the different constituencies delineated upon plastic-backed copies of the 1/50,000 maps referred to above. A list of these maps is contained in the Second Appendix to this report. The maps will be signed for purpose of identification by the Chairman or a member of the Commission and will be deposited for safe custody with the Chief Secretary. These maps will be available for reference in the event of any disputes as to the precise location of the boundary of any constituency. We have made it clear however in the introductory notes to the schedule of constituencies that in case of any inconsistency between the list of villages and the maps, the list of villages is to prevail. If any village or area does not fall within any of the villages or areas listed, it will form part of the constituency within which it lies according to the map.

35. For ease of reference the Commission annexes to this report in Appendix III a sketch map on the 1/250,000 scale which shows the various constituency boundaries. But the intention of the Commission is that the Plastic-backed 1/50,000 maps referred to in paragraph 34 above shall be the ultimate authority in case of any dispute.

36. The Commission desires to bring to the notice of the Administration that at all the public meetings held by the

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Commission speakers referred to the difficulties encountered or likely to be encountered by persons living in the more remote localities in casting their votes. It seemed to be the general impression that all the voters in any constituency would have to record their votes at the same place, and speakers were only reassured when it was pointed out to them that there might be several polling stations in a constituency and that it was for the Government to establish polling stations where necessary. In the mountain areas the normal mode of travelling is on horseback, and distances which are apparently short on the map may involve several hours' riding over steep ridges and through deep valleys. Moreover horseback is not the normal method of travel for women in Basutoland and it is inconvenient for the aged. Unless an adequate number of polling stations is provided, more especially in the mountain areas, voters may be disinclined to go to the polls and an unrepresentative election may result. The Commission therefore wishes to stress the importance of an adequate number of polling stations, more particularly in the mountainous areas.

37. The Commission wishes to record its thanks to all those who have assisted it in the performance of its task, and particularly to Mr. P. B. Sanders, the Chief Electoral Officer; to Mr. C.M.H. Morojele, the Government Statistician; to Mr. R.N.T. Phillips, the Government Surveyor, for his preparation of the numerous maps required by the Commission and the written descriptions of the boundaries of constituencies; to the District Commissioners and their staffs

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in all districts, for their co-operation generally and in the arrangements for the holding of public meetings, to Mrs. Sanders for her assistance in the preparation of the district maps upon which the Commission based its work, and to Mr. Gary Davis for the very able performance of his duties as Secretary to the Commission.

We have the honour to be,

Your obedient servants,

E.R. Roper

Chairman.

Edgar S. Henochsberg

J. P. Webber.

Members.

A P P E N D I X 1

Constituencies delimited by the Commission, together with descriptions of the Constituency boundaries:

INTRODUCTORY NOTES

1. The Electoral Divisions referred to in the descriptions are the District Council Electoral Divisions, under Section 8 of the District Councils Elections Proclamation, which are described in the Annexure to Government Notices Nos. 24 and 28 of 1959, as amended by Government Notice No. 32 of 1959, and printed on pages 275 to 300 (inclusive) of the Laws of Basutoland, 1960, Volume 1.
2. District boundaries, where referred to, are those at present recognized for administrative purposes, and in the event of dispute are, for constituency purposes, to be taken as delineated in the 1/50,000 maps referred to in the Report.
3. Should there be any inconsistency between the list of villages or areas in any constituency and the boundary of the constituency as delineated in the said maps, or one of them, the list of villages or areas will prevail.
4. If any village or area does not fall within any of the areas or villages listed it will form part of the constituency within which it lies according to the said maps.

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1. MATSOAING/.....

1. MATSOATING

In the district of Buthe Buthe, the Electoral Divisions of Libono, Makhunoane, Khatibe and Chaba's lettered J, K, L and M respectively, excluding Hlakacha Matela and Moteoli Sebafo's villages or areas. It will include the following villages or areas : -

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LIBONO (J) :

Tebelo Matela, Michael Keletso, Rapule, Sekoati Moshoeshoe, Mothae, Napo Matela, Khaketla Khaketla, Nangnang, Lethole Moorosi, Khoabeng Lepolesa, Koeane Mabitle and Mosanteli.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAKHUNOANE (K) :

Tumane Matela, Dae Moruti, Maboba, Mahalahala, Malijo Tjabane, Mota Mohlomeli, Phaello Mphana, Lekula Matela, Sekajane Mou, Lefanyolle Mou, Zakaria Qamo and Hure Moruti.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KHATIBE (L) :

Hlakametsa Ntlobo's, Diamond Matela, Ntsonyana Matela, Lechesa Jane, Maama Matela, Mohloki Topi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF CHABA'S (M) :

Chaba Matela and Seboche Matela.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7,347

BOUNDARY:

Starting on the Caledon River Border where the stream that flows to the east of Makabanna's village joins the Caledon, the boundary follows the border west and south west to the top of the kloof on the

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escarpment 3 miles to the east of Namahali Police Post, where the Eland River rises; thence south along the Butha Buthe - Mokhotlong district boundary (which runs along the watershed between the Matseng and Kholtselo river catchment areas); thence along the Butha Buthe - Leribe district boundary to the point where the district boundary crosses the Motete River; thence north east along the Mokhotlong - Libono bridle path past Mahlasela Hill; down the Fana stream to the confluence with the Tlolohatse river; thence down the Tlolohatse to the confluence with the Tsehlanyane river; thence up the Tsehlanyane for $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles; thence north east for 1 mile to the common point for Nos. 1, 3 and 5 constituencies; thence due east for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to the source of the Moteng stream; thence north west along the Ox-Bow access track for 1 mile before following a small tributary of the Tsehlanyane north east to the source of the Khatiba stream which is a common point for Nos. 1, 2 and 3 constituencies; thence along the Khatibe stream to a point a $\frac{1}{4}$ mile above its junction with the Nqoajane stream below the village of Hlakametsa; thence in a northerly direction along the ridge to the west of Nqoajane stream for $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles before joining the Nqoajane $\frac{3}{4}$ mile west of Topi village, thence up the stream to a point $\frac{1}{4}$ mile west of Topi village; thence north north east following a ridge between two streams to the top of the Qholaqhoe watershed between the Nqoajane and Caledon catchment areas; thence west across the ridge to join the headwaters of the stream that flows to the east of Thakabanna village and thence north west down the stream to its starting point.

2. HOLOLO

In the district of Butha Buthe, the Electoral Divisions of Qholaqhoe, Letsika's Drift, Rasekila's and Qalo, lettered N, O, H and E respectively, and Seta Joel's, Smuts Moshoeshoe's, Neo Joel's and Moliboea Sehlohlohlo's villages or areas in the electoral division of Mopeli's lettered G. It will include the following villages or areas :-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF QHOLAQHOE (N) :

Qholaqhoe, Mosoang Lebetla, Maghinyane Koja, Mafupura Tumane, Khabele Potjo, Sehleke.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LETSIKA'S DRIFT (O) :

Matsebe Lethole, Lethula Matela (Hlanyane), Mashoba Matela, Mamafupu Lijo, 'Natlane Mohape, Hlakametsa Ramohapi, Tsoenyana Mosethoa, Pone.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF RASEKILA'S (H) :

Seeiso Qhobela (Naseretse) (Lebetla), Delarey Qhobela, Khanyapa Basele, Motsokane Rasekila, Mokone Lelosa and including Tobolane Molapo's.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF QALA (E) :

Hlasoa Mopeli, 'Makuini Mopeli, Gabriel Joel, Joel Malofo, Joseph Chitja.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOPELI'S (G) :

Setha Joel, Smuts Moshoeshoe, Neo Joel and Moliboea Sehlohlohla.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7,281.

BOUNDARY:

Starting on the Caledon river at the same point as No. 1 constituency it follows a common boundary

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with No. 1 to the source of the Khatibe stream; thence in a westerly direction along the watershed between the Moteng and Khatibe streams as far as Khatibe peak; thence along the ridge from Khatibe peak to the headwaters of the Hololo river; thence down the Hololo river to the large bend $\frac{1}{2}$ mile above its junction with the Nqoajane stream. At the south west end of the bend there is a small stream which the boundary follows in a southerly direction crossing and then running parallel and to the west of the Khukhune store road, and taking the west branch of the stream to the watershed between the Hololo and Qalo rivers; thence due south to meet the footpath running at the bottom of the krantz to the north of Rasekila store, and south south east along the footpath for $\frac{3}{4}$ mile; thence south west passing immediately to the south of Sebophe village joining the Qalo river below the village; thence down the Qalo river to a point beyond a small gorge where a small footpath from Serutle store crosses; thence along this footpath to where it meets the Butha Buthe - Libono Road, near Serutle store, across the road and following the small tributary of the Serutle stream which flows due west for a short distance before joining the Serutle stream; which is a common point for Nos. 2, 3 and 4 constituencies; thence up stream to the road and south along the road to the west fork of the stream that flows past the village of Thebe-Thebe; thence down this stream to its junction with the Caledon river and up the Caledon in a northerly direction to the starting point.

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3. TSIME.

In the district of Butha Buthe, the Electoral Divisions of Liphofung, Khukhune, Linokong and Sekubu, lettered B, C, D and I respectively and the villages or areas in the electoral division of Chaba's, lettered M, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas :-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LIPHOFUNG (B):

Joel Molapo, Lesiba Mokebe, Phakela Khomoat-sana, Makhoahla Leketa, Naka-Naka Kabai, Noosi Fariki, Jameson Qhobela, Taetsane Ntlaba, Maliba Rankoro, Molefi Rahloai.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KHUKHUNE (C):

Molapo Qhobela, Leselinyana Molopi, Mutlanyana Hlasoa, Bokora Molapo, Pakata Hlasoa, Habofanoe Hlasoa, Sekhonyana Hlasoa, Mathebe, Katamelo Molapo, Ford Qhobela.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LINOKONG (D):

Molapo Mothuntsane, Kopano Moapo, Mamolapo Mohalenyana, Jacob's, Kopano Selomo (Mpotla), Lesoli's, Malekisa's, Tseko Qhobela, Lerato Selomo.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEKUBU (I):

Lepekola Joel, Seta Chitja, Tebello, Lishobana Molapo, Mopeli Talimo, Tloaelo Mohalali, Tlohang Mpotla, Masilo Mokhatla, Motlatsi, Mamakhelokoe Libone.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF CHABA'S (M):

Hlakacha Matela and Moteoli Sebafo.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7773

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point, on the Serutle

.../stream

stream, for Nos. 2, 3 and 4 constituencies, it follows the common boundary with No. 2 constituency to the headwaters of the Khatibe river which is a common point to Nos. 1, 2 and 3 constituencies, and then along the common boundary with No. 1 constituency to a point one-half mile due west of the source of the Moteng stream, which is also on the watershed between the Malibamatso and Caledon river catchment areas and the common point for Nos. 1, 3 and 5 constituencies; then following this watershed south-west through Meeling and Pitso-ca-Moea peaks to a point which is the source of the Tsehlanyane Patitsooana and Tsa-Lea-Luma streams; thence west along the watershed between the Qalo and Hlotse River catchment areas known as Sekameng Ridge (which is also the district boundary between Leribe and Butha Buthe), through the Trig. station on Thaba Nts'o across Masoalakatlong mountain to Ntsututse mountain which is a common point for Nos. 3, 4 and 7 constituencies; thence north-west along the northern watershed to Thaba Chitja, down the ridge to the headwaters of the Maphiri stream and down the Maphiri to below the junction of the Masianokeng where it becomes the Serutle stream and thence down that stream to the starting point.

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4. LIPELANENG.

The Electoral Divisions in the Butha Buthe district of Pholonamane and Mopeli's, lettered F and G respectively, with the exception of the villages or areas of Seta Joel, Smuts Moshoeshe, Neo Joel, and Moliboea Sehlohlohlo; together with the Electoral Division in the Leribe district of Matlakeng, lettered D, except the village of Mosiuoa; but including those parts of the Electoral Divisions in the Leribe district of Lefikeng ha Nkhasi, lettered C, and of Pitsi's Nek, lettered E, hereinafter set out. It will include the following villages or areas :-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PHOLONAMANE (F):

Majara Mopeli, Raliphoofolo's, Batho Soere, Koali Mpaki, Matomokoane Ramaili, Nkokonyana's, Mamazibuko Chona, Makomoreng Maqephe, Teisi's, 'Neselane (or Maselane), Hlafela Nqhobo, Tjekoa 'Mevane, Mohlelene Tati, Motsoene's, Tati, Nqhobe.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOPELI'S (G):

Kuini Mopeli, Ngabeni Mosebetsi, 'Mamajara Mopeli, Tsebiso Habi, Motoba Koakoa, Matela Sechele, Mokoaleli, Government Reserve.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATLAKENG (D):

Tlhakoli, Kokoma, Mojabela, Molapo, Thaba, Toto-loane, Maphuruhloane, Mashili, Nkabe, Matlakeng, Rankhethoa, Ramotlokoa, Khapung, Masupha Lekhooana.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LEFIKENG HA NKHASI (C)

Mothibe

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PITSI'S NEK (E):

Libenyane, Loti, Malefane, Tota, Joel Makakamela, Shepeseli.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8063

BOUNDARY:

Starting at Ntsututse mountain, (the common point for Nos. 3, 4 and 7 constituencies), west along the Sekameng ridge and district boundary to Sitibaneng trig station, thence continuing along the district boundary to the Malubalube stream (which is the common point for Nos. 4, 7 and 9 constituencies) and to the source of the Mofogoi East tributary at the south-east end of the Col above Rampai; thence into Leribe District down the Mofogoi east tributary, through the dam immediatly above the sharp bend in the road 4 miles south of Butha Buthe, across the road and down the tributary, passing to the south of the hills of Khoelibanna and Matlakeng to the junction of the Mofogoi stream; thence down the Mofogoi stream to the point where the track from Mothibe to Matlakeng crosses the Mofogoi; thence west along the track past Mothibe to Brindisi Drift on the Caledon River and thence up the Caledon River into the Butha Buthe district to the junction of the stream flowing past Tebe-Tebe (a common point with No. 2 constituency); thence along the common boundary with No. 2 constituency to the common point on the Serutle stream for Nos. 2, 3 and 4 constituencies; thence along the common boundary with No. 3 constituency to the starting point.

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5. MALIBAMATSO

The Electoral Division in the Butha Buthe district of Motete, lettered A, together with the Electoral Division in the Leribe district of Lejone, lettered T, and the villages or village areas of Bereng Mafole, Malethola, Ntseli, Mapeete, Makopela, Letsielo and Matete Setsomih in the Electoral Division of Ntseli, lettered S. It will include the following villages and areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATETE (A):

Sekhobe Mopeli, Molurane Letsohla, Talime Lehloara, Ratiso Joel, Tlholo Joel, Lijo Lephatoane, Mokone Sheshela, Mahlekefane Mopeli's, Mokomane Sechele, Six Molotonyane, Ntlhaba Rakotoane, Mokete Leotla, Lesaoana's, Sello Mahata, Moetsuoa Qhobela.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LEJONE (T):

Befole, Thomson Mothea, Thibeli, Lejone Jonathan, Malitomose (formerly Masupha Motsoene), Senyenyane, Sekoati, Mallane, Nkone, Bolofo, Lejoemotho Mopepe.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF NTSELI (S):

Bereng Mafole, Malethola, Ntseli (now Nteka), Mapeete, Makopela, Letsielo and Matete Setsomi'.

Estimated adult Population: 7010

BOUNDARY:

Starting from the common point for Nos. 1, 3, and 5 constituencies on the watershed between the Caledon and Malibamatso catchments a $\frac{1}{2}$ mile due west of the source of the Moteng stream. In the Butha Buthe district, east along the common boundary with No. 1 constituency to where the Butha Buthe, Mokhotlong district boundary crosses the Motete river; thence
.../north

north along the said district boundary for 2 miles to the common point on Butha Buthe, Leribe and Mokhotlong district boundaries and the common point for Nos. 1, 5 and 60 constituencies; thence south east along the ridge between the Motete and Khubelu catchments which is the District Boundary between Mokhotlong and Leribe for $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles to the source of the Mantsonyane river; thence down the Mantsonyane to the junction of the Phororong stream which is a common point for Nos. 5, 6 and 60 constituencies; thence north north west up the Phororong, which is in Leribe district, to its source on the watershed between the Malibamatso and Mantsonyane catchment areas; thence south along the watershed to the peak which is the source of the Selibeli and Mapaleng streams; thence west along the ridge between these two streams for $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles to the top of the ridge above the Maubamatso, thence north west following the ridge that leads to the west bend of the river where the Liqokoong stream joins the Malibamatso; thence up the Liqokoong stream to its source on the watershed between the Malibamatso and Bokong catchment areas and thence north along the watershed to the source of the Bokong river and Lepaqua stream where it turns west to Liqalaneng Height which is the source of a minor tributary of the Bokong stream and the southern branch of the upper Mphosong stream and is the meeting place for the watersheds between the Malibamatso, Bokong and Mphosong catchment areas and a common point for Nos. 5, 6 and 8 constituency boundaries. From here the boundary turns north along the watershed to a point where the ridge between Mphosong and Manganeng streams joins the watershed which is a common point for Nos. 5, 7 and 8 constituencies; thence north along the watershed to Pela-Tscoeu Trig station and north east

.../Along

along the ridge crossing the Tsehlanyane bridle path (where it joins the Butha Buthe - Leribe district boundary) to the common point for Nos. 3, 5, and 7 constituencies at the source of the Patisooana, Tsehlanyane and Tsalca-Luma Streams, thence north east along the common boundary with No. 3 constituency to the starting point.

6. KOLBERG

In the Leribe District, the Electoral Division of Bokong, lettered U, and the Electoral Division of Ntseli, lettered S, excluding the villages or village areas of Bereng Mafole, Malethola, Ntseli, Mapeete, Makopela, Letsielo and Matete Setsomi. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF BOKONG (U):

Mokitimi, Noko Rooi, Tefo Soai, Sekhohola, Taelo (Suoane), Sprigg, Kennen, Matsoele, Mpiti, Nkunyane, Phoofole Nkokana, Tlokotsi, Ramokoatsi, Rapooea, Sepholla, Motsamai, Khoanyane, Bokong, Pitsi, Ts'epo Linthokoane, Mosuoe.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF NTSALI (S):

Seshote, Molati, Lesenyeho, Motsamai, Mpeli, Nkaobehe, Ramoji, Palama Seetsa, Ramanamane, Theko Motsokane, Constable.

Estimated Adult Population: 6841

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 5, 6 and 60 constituencies where the Phoforong stream joins the Mantsunyane River, follow the river which is the Leribe-Mokhotlong District boundary to the confluence of the Mantsunyane and Semena rivers which is the common point for Nos. 6, 21 and 57 constituencies and for the Mokhotlong-Leribe and Maseru District boundaries, thence up the ridge between the Tsoanafike and Meseang streams onto the watershed between the Semena and Khomo-li-Hare catchment areas at Ntlholohetsane Hill; thence along the ridge to Kolberg Peak; thence West North West along the watershed between the Semena and Senqunyane catchment areas to a point 4 miles North West of Kolberg Peak, which is the common point

for Nos. 6, 21 and 22 constituencies; thence to the source of Moea stream; thence North to Thaba Telle and through Ntatai to the Trig Station at Khoaba-la-E-Ja-Bohobe (Alt. 10,258) which is a common point for Nos. 6, 8, 10, 16 and 22 constituencies, the common point for Maseru, Berea and Leribe District boundaries; thence North East along the watershed between the Bokong and Maa-Mafubelu catchment areas, crossing Mangeta and Lefikeng mountains and Lekhalo-La-Makhooa to Liqalaneng Peak which is the common point for Nos. 5, 6 and 8 constituencies; thence along the common border with No. 5 constituency to the starting point.

7. PELA TSOEU

In the Leribe District, the Electoral Division of Sebaka, lettered F, and the Electoral Division of Malaoaneng, lettered H, excluding the village or village area of Halekhetheloe; together with those villages or village areas in the Electoral Division of Makokoane, lettered G, set out hereunder. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEBAKA (F):

Majara (now Khojane Majara's), Forere, Hlahla, Hlonepho, Kahlolo, Qefane, Mohale, 'Mali, Motitsana, Puseletso, Argent, 'Mamafofo.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MALAOANENG (H):

Abiel, Malefane, Mohome, Ntja, Rakoro, Chachole, Letsie Moshoeshoe, Sekhonyana Moshoeshoe, Ntsa'ilane Letele.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAKOKOANE (G):

Khomo, Thella, Lejone Lepolesa, George Lijabatho, Majoang, Makakamela, Makhotla, Nare (Mooki) (Moabi), Molomane Nkhasi, Pentsi, Paulo, Sejamadoda, Mokone, Sepenya, Tsolo, Khabo, Lehloba, Mohale, 'Mamojela, Nqhae Selebalo, Qobete, Libe Seqhoang, Machakela, Moramang, Koatile, Tau Lineo, Mangau, Ramakoase and Peete Seqhoang.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7558

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 3, 5 and 7 constituencies at the source of the Patisoona Tsehlanyane and Tsa-Lea Luma streams; thence South along the watershed along the common boundary with No. 5 constituency and the Leribe - Butha Buthe district boundary to Tshelanyane Pass; thence along the common boundary to the source of the Morotoaneng and Lepaqua streams which is a common point for Nos. 5, 7 and 8 constituencies and where the ridge between the Manganeng and Mphosong streams joins the watershed; thence Easterly along the ridge between these two streams passing between

these two streams passing between the villages of Sekoaing and Letsie Moshoeshe's dropping off the ridge onto arable lands near Moshoeshe village and then following the ridge between the Morotong and Mphosong streams to the villages of Lisoie and Liphapang; thence to the confluence of the Morotong and Mphosong where they form the Mao-Mafubelu river; thence down the Mao-Mafubelu river for 4 miles to a point where the river cuts in close to the cliff face at the end of a large bend to the West, to the South of Halekethebe store (the common point for Nos 7, 8 and 9 constituencies); thence North East up the small stream crossing the path between the store and Malefane joining the East branch of the small tributary of the Malaoaneng stream East of the village of Halekethebe and down the stream to join the Malaoneng immediately above its junction with the Hlotse river; thence down the Malaoaneng to its junction with the Hlotse river; thence up the Hlotse river in a north east direction to the confluence of the Malubalube and Kota streams where they form the Hlotse; thence up the Malubalube stream to its source on the ridge between the Hlotse and Butha Buthe catchment areas and is a common point for Nos. 4, 7 and 9 constituencies. From here follow the common boundary with No. 4 constituency and the Butha Buthe - Leribe District boundary East along the ridge through Sikhsaming to Ntsututse Mountain which is a common point for Nos. 3, 4 and 7 constituencies; thence follow the common boundary with No. 3 constituency and the District boundary to the starting point.

8. MPHOSONG

In the Leribe District, the Electoral Division of Pitseng Old Village, lettered I; the Electoral Division of Mahobong, lettered J; the villages or areas of Mokhachane (or Makhobalo) and Letsie Molapo in the Electoral Division of Liboping, lettered K; and the village or village area of Mosiuoa in the Electoral Division of Matlakeng, lettered D. It includes the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PITSENG OLD VILLAGE (I):

Khethisa Tau, Falalitsoe, Phamotse, Casmier, Lota, Khefa, Khomoatsana, Khopa, Jane Moshoeshoe (or Mashongoane), Khalolo Sekeleme, Lehasa Ntollokoane (Ntotlokoane), Lenka Sale, Makibinyane, Matlapeng, Mokemane, Liphapang, Nkhasi, Mamanka, Majara Seqhibolla, Mpai Mahloana, Nohee Moikhomosi, Monate, Mosamane, Kuebu, Rantsiala, Tjeoeng, Teko Monka, Mahloana Tjoeng, Makapa, Makhata, Ngonnentloana, Liphapang, Nkhasi, 'Mamanka Majara, Seqhibella, Mahloana.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAHOBONG (J):

Joang Khethisa, Joang, Ben Khethisa, Lesiamo, Lobian, Mapeshoane, Mosebo, Mosiuoa Phiri (including Mosiuoa), Mpshe, Ramoepana, Semouse, Matoli, Matsoso, Khojane, Monnakhomo, Tota, Motseki Mosito, Dinizulu.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LIBOPING (K):

Mokhachane (or Makhobalo), Letsie Molapo.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATLAKENG (D):

Mosiuoa.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8004

BOUNDARY:

Starting on the common point for Nos. 5, 7 and 8 constituencies on the watershed between the Hlotse and Malibamatso catchment areas, at the source of the Manganeng and Lepaoa streams; thence South along the watershed and common boundary with No. 5 constituency

to Liqalaneng Peak the common point for Nos. 5, 6 and 8 constituencies; thence West along the common boundary with no. 6 constituency to Khoaba-la-E-Ja-Bonobe; thence follow the upper Lisoloane stream to its first tributary and then follow the ridge between the Lisoloane and Monyameng streams in a North West direction to the source of the Tsolinyane stream and thence down the stream past Thaba-Phats'oa to its junction with the Lisoloane stream and on down stream to its junction with the Hlotse River, which is a common point for Nos. 8, 9 and 10 constituencies; thence East up the Hlotse river to where the Maa-Mufubelu joins the Hlotse and thence up the Maa-Mafubelu to the common point for Nos. 7, 8 and 9 constituencies on the river to the South of Hlakethebe store and along the common boundary with No. 7 constituency to its starting point.

9. QOQOLOSING

In the Leribe district, the Electoral Division of Khanyane, lettered M, and those villages or areas situated in the Electoral Divisions of Malaoaneng, Makokoane, Pitsi's Nek and Lefikeng ha Nkhasi, lettered respectively H, G, E and C, set out below. It includes the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KHANYANE (M):

Setsomi, Alexander, Mongale, Ntsane, Kheola, Molatoli, Mohanoe, Moorosi, Leutsoa, Moruti, Moshea, Motseki, Rapelesa, Mataba or Rataba Sefothoane (Lehemane), Thinyane (Hlotho), Lebakae, Lejakane, Lerole, Mohapi, Motebang (Matholoana), Mohlapisi ('Maneane), Motsarapane, Mphunyetsane, Tota Kori, Enoch Moliboea, Enoch Maphike, Rampa, Lits'oane (Sebili), Mantsoe, Makoko, Moloi Mphuthing, Masupha, Shamo (Mahopotsa), Timothia, Khoarai, Jacottet, Blyth Kolia, Moses, Lenkoane, Mokethi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MALAOANENG (H):

Halekhetheloe.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAKOKOANE (G):

Lerotholi (Mohau), Mabonkile, Mokhachane, Setsomi, Selebalo, Mabasso, Tumahole Selebalo, Liphapang, Maleabua.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PITSI'S NEK (E):

Malibe, Masesu, Sepinare, Pali.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LEFIKENG HA NKHASI (C):

Mopeli, Mapepe, Shopane (Moramang) and Mokiba.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7390

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 4, 7 and 9 constituencies at the source of Butha Buthe and Malubalube streams South on the common border with No. 7 constituency, down the Hlotse and across to the common point for Nos. 7, 8 and 9 constituencies; thence down the Maa-Mafubelu and Hlotse rivers on the common boundary with No. 8 constituency to the junction

of the Tsosinyane stream and Hlotse^{River}, thence down the Hlotse river to a point on the bend of the river immediately below where the small stream flowing to the East of Likhakeng village joins the Hlotse, thence North East along a small stream for a short distance and thence North along the Pitseng - Leribe road for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile. Where the road turns sharply to the West follow a small stream northwards to Orange Tree Nek and thence in a northerly direction along the escarpment of Leribe Plateau above the Subeng stream, Simone and Jonathane villages, to a point where the central tributary of Mohabelong stream flows down the escarpement a $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to the East of Mohobollo village; thence down this tributary until it reaches the Drift on the Leribe - Butha Buthe road, and thence East along the road to where the track to Nqechane branches off; thence along this track due north for a $\frac{1}{4}$ mile and then follow a track running to the North of Lekhalo-la-Levi in an easterly direction for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile before joining the road again $\frac{1}{4}$ mile to the West of where the Mofoqoi stream crosses the road; thence along the road to where the extreme eastern tributary of the Mofoqoi stream crosses the road, which is a common point for Nos. 4, 9 and 11 constituencies and then turn North East along the common boundary with No. 4 constituency, joining the Butha Buthe - Leribe District boundary on the col above Rampal and closing on its starting point.

10. LIKHAKENG

In the Leribe district, the Electoral Division of Liboping, lettered K, excluding the villages or areas of Mokhachane and Letsie Molapo; the Electoral Division of Mathokoane ha Tumahole, lettered N, excluding the village or area of Leshoela; the Electoral Division of Lenyakoane, lettered L, excluding the villages or area of Knoane, Adam, Makoanyane, Chona and St. Monica's; the village or area of Lepogo in the Electoral Division of Tsikoane, lettered B. It includes the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LIBOPING (K):

Sethua Ramapepe, Kotsana, Nkhethoa (Lerotholi), Ntlama Seaja, Ntoahae, President (Sekonyana), Mathapo, Motinyane, Thabo Ntsu, Katiso.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATHOKOANE HA TUMAHOLE (N):

Letotholi Molapo, Hoki, Kalaele, Lisene, Lebona, Malentsoe (Libe), Qokolo, Nkoebe (Mongale), Phakiso, Leoka, Dora Sekoala, Thakamakula, Mahlahle, Ramahlakisane, 'Nyane, 'Mako, Mathealira (Mojapela), Ranku.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LENYAKOANE (L):

Mokokoana, Romosebetsi, Ntholi, Ramathekoa, Ramoloi, Setho, Akabe, Hlanani, Mothamahane, Malimatle, Tsabalira, Stewart, Tekalimane, Morgan Sekete.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TSIKOANE (B):

Lepogo.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7827

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 6, 8 and 10, 16 and 22 constituencies at Khoaba-la-E-Ja-Tsomobe, thence along the line of the Leribe - Berea district boundary to the top of the hill which is a common point for Nos. 10, 13 and 15 constituencies, $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles

to the South of where the Khomokhoana tributary crosses the Ficksburg-Kooning road on the sharp bend near a store; thence West following the small stream that flows from the hill to the West branch of the same tributary; thence South West following a footpath through the lands to West branch of a small stream that flows into the major tributary of the Mabong stream situated to the East of the Mapoteng-Ficksburg road; thence follow the small stream to the junction which is a common point for Nos. 10, 12 and 13 constituencies, and then down the tributary for $\frac{3}{4}$ mile in a northerly direction, before turning North East along a small footpath for 1 mile to where it branches; thence across the lands in a Northerly direction for $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles to cross the Ficksburg - Koeneng store road $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles East along the road from the road junction at Mpharane Hill, $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles due West of Muela Hill; thence continuing in a North-North-East direction for $\frac{3}{4}$ mile to rejoin the Khomokhoana stream $\frac{1}{2}$ mile down stream from Ntholi village; thence down the Khomokhoana to where it crosses the Teyateyaneng - Leribe road; thence East along the road to the East tributary of the Khomokhoana, which is a common point for Nos 10, 11 and 12 constituencies; thence South up the tributary to the point where a branch from Tsikoane Hill joins it, and thence along the branch and following the Eastern upper branch to the top of the cliff; thence along the top of the cliff to the North East corner of Tsikoane Plateau; thence down the cliff to the fork of the stream that flows into the Caledon River to the South of the Hlotse, and thence up the East branch for $\frac{3}{4}$ mile to where a small stream joins it; thence up this stream in a North East direction to the top of the cliff and continue in a North East direction for $\frac{3}{4}$ mile to the head of a small stream

which it goes down for $\frac{1}{4}$ mile before following a foot-path and crossing lands in a North East direction for $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles before joining the Hlotse River on the bend that is a common point for constituencies Nos. 9, 10 and 11; thence South up the Maoa-Mafubelu River on the common boundary with constituency No. 9 to the junction of the Tsoinyane stream which is a common point for Constituencies Nos. 8, 9 and 10; thence follow the common boundary with constituency No. 8 up the Tsoinyane to its starting point.

11. HLOTSE

In the Leribe district, the Electoral Division of Lefikeng ha Nkhasi, lettered C, excluding the villages or areas of Mopeli, Mothibe, Mapepe and Shopane; the Electoral Division of Leribe, lettered A; the village or area of Leshoele in the Electoral Division of Mathokoane ha Tumahole, lettered N; the village or area of Nkoane in the Electoral Division of Lenyakoane, Lettered L; and the village or areas of Tsikoane in the Electoral Division of Tsikoane, lettered B. It includes the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LEFIKENG HA NKHASI (C):

Nqechane, Au, Kukame, Lاپisi, Mokanyane, Setjeo, Teketsi, Khoathane, Sekhonyana Pulenyane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LERIBE (A):

Leribe, Doctor, Hlotse, Leribe Mission, Mucana, Lelahla, Philip, Patlo, Mojela, Letlatsa, Polaki.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATHOKOANE HA TUMAHOLE (N):

Leshoele.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LENYAKOANE (L):

Nkoane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TSIKOANE (B):

Tsikoane.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8272

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 4 and 11 constituencies on the Caledon River at Brindisi Drift follow the common boundary with No. 4 constituency to the common point for Nos. 4, 9, and 11 constituencies on the Butha Buthe road; thence west along the road and along the common boundary for No. 9 constituency to the common point on the Hlotse River for Nos. 9, 10 and 11 constituencies; thence along the common boundary for No. 10 constituency to the point on the Teyateyaneng - Leribe road where the eastern tributary of the Khomokmoane crosses the road, which is a common point for Nos. 10, 11 and 12 constituencies; thence down this tributary to where it joins the Khomokhoane and then down stream to the border on the Caledon River which is a common point for Nos. 11 and 12 constituencies and thence up the river and border to the starting point.

12. LIKHETLANE

In the Leribe district, the Electoral Division of Hleoheng, lettered R; the Electoral Division of Tsikoane, lettered B, excluding the villages or areas of Tsikoane and Lepogo; the villages of Adam, Makoanyane, St. Monica's and Chona in the Electoral Division of Lenyakoane, lettered L; the villages of Makoae Jonathan, C. Makhoro, Mosounyane, Paki Kotola, Ramaboella, Thenyane, Mokhethi, Senei and Lira Ramalumane in the Electoral Division of Letsika, L lettered Q. It includes the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF HLEOHENG (R):

Motsarapane, Koone, Koantsanyane (Sepinare), Mosamo, Mokate Mashapha, Maleke, Mapele, (Bereng), Machecheane, Lyenye Lime, Thakamakula, Maputsoe, Ntebele, Bambata, Ramohapi (Photo), Seheshe, Tumo, Litsoako.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TSIKOANE (B):

Khethisa Manama (Mosito), Matsoete (Mathealira), Mathata, Moholisa, Lerata Kena (Makhabane), Makhabane Kena, Samson Ramohano, Samuel Ramohano, Tampoki and Chabeli.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LENYAKOANE (L):

Makoanyane, St. Monica's, Adam, and Chona.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LETSIKA (Q):

Makoae Jonathan, Makhoro, Mosounyane, Paki Kotola, Ramaboella, Thenyane, Mokhethi, Senei and Lira Ramalumane.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8072

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 10, 11 and 12 constituencies on the T.Y. - Leribe road, on the Khumokhoana east tributary near St. Monica's Mission, follow the common boundary for No. 10 constituency south to the common point for Nos. 10, 12 and 13 constituencies on the small stream to the east of the Ficksburg - Mapoteng road, thence up the stream in a south-south-west direction, taking the extreme western branch of the head waters to join the Ficksburg - Mapoteng road at a point where the north-east end of the track passing Qamo village joins the road and thence along the road in a southerly direction for $\frac{1}{4}$ mile to the first part of an S bend in the road where it turns west to the top of the small hill to the west of Mafata village; thence cross the saddle to the south of Qamo village and climb the ridge to the top of the southern end of Molumong plateau; thence to the source of the Makebelane stream on top of the plateau; thence follow the Makebelane stream down to its junction with the Caledon River which is a common point for Nos. 12, and 13 constituencies, and thence west and north up the Caledon River border to the Khomkhoana and then up the Khomkhoana and its eastern tributary to the starting point.

13. MANKA

In the Leribe district, the Electoral Division of Peka, lettered P; the Electoral Division of Letsika, lettered Q, excluding the villages or areas of Makoa Jonathan, Makhorro, Mosounyane, Paki Kotola, Ramaboella, Thenyane, Mokhethi, Senei and Lira Ramalumanane; together with the villages or areas set out below in the Electoral Divisions of Kolonyama and Molipa, lettered respectively V and O. It includes the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PEKA (P):

Mopeli, (Mampoi), Mohlolo, J. Moshoeshoe, Letsie Ramosalla, Lintsa, Napo (Abiel Napo's), Mota, Nekola Mohlolo (Motumi), Phakiso, Ralehlatsa (Thabo), Ramachane, Mosuoane, Peka, Tjopa.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LETSIKA (Q):

Tsohane, Tebatso, Mohobela, Mpaleng, Ntahli, Setenane Teba, Matelemane, Molefi, Noko, Seetsa Matumo, Makina, Mafata, Liau Ralechane, Patso, Liau Ramohai, Liau Raleboea, Charlie, Letsika, Likariki, Nkotle Senyake, Lekhooa Raseboka, Thobilepapa, and Potlaki Mochaka.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KOLONYAMA (V):

Ntseke, Joshua Ramoa, Tefo, Thokoa, Tokoti, T. Mohanoe (now Malefetsane Matsie).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOLIPA (O):

Matela Molapo, Kota Motlokoa (Nkukile Motlokoa), Sekuini, Mantsane Stewart, Bohajane, Jane, Temoho Lekhoaba, Matele Masimole, Motsehi (Nthole Lekhoaba), Polisa Malebonyane and Mantoeli Molipa.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8268

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 10, 13 and 15 constituencies, on the hill $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of where the Khomokhoana tributary crosses the Ficksburg - Koeneng store road, then along the Leribe - Berea district boundary in a south and west direction to where the Teyateyaneng - Leribe road crosses the Phuthiatsana River; thence along the road in a northerly direction past Nena and Kolonyama store and down the hill to a small stream $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles beyond the store; thence down the small stream for 3 miles to where a tributary joins it on a bend in the river, and then follow the footpath that passes to the south and east of the village of Mohlokaqala for 1 mile and down a small stream immediately below a dam, the junction with the Caledon which is a common point for Nos. 13 and 14 constituencies; thence up the Caledon River border to where the Makabelane stream joins it, which is a common point for Nos. 12 and 13 constituencies and thence along the common boundary with No. 12 constituency to the common point for Nos. 10, 12 and 13 constituencies on the stream east of the Ficksburg - Mapoteng road and from here along the common boundary with No. 10 constituency to the starting point.

14. PHUTHIATSANA

The portions of the Electoral Divisions of Mamathe, lettered A, and Teyateyaneng, lettered C, in the district of Berea, and of the Electoral Divisions of Kolonyama, lettered V, and Molipa, lettered O, in the district of Leribe, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAMATHE (A):

Morolong, Mosethi, Mosoeunyane, Tsekelo, Lebina, Phoofolo (Mafike), Ramotete (Lekhotla) Mokhethi (Mafa), Rapopo, Mokhehle, Ramosoeu, Monnanyana.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TEYATEYANENG (C):

Mopeli, Mphele, Moabi, Ratsiu, Ramonaheng, Khoabaleabua, Mohapinyane, Teyateyaneng Reserve, Ntjabane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KOLONYAMA (V):

Moletsane (Tlalinyane), Moramang, German ('Nena) Mokhachane, M. Tlokotsi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOLIPA (O):

Leabua, Kopano, Leboso, Seeiso, Makhatha, Manama, Mashoela Setsabi, Ramthotong, Sehlotho, Seeiso Monehelehi.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8016

BOUNDARY:

Starting from a point on the Leribe - Berea district boundary, which is a common point for Nos. 13, 14 and 17 constituencies, on the Phuthiatsana River to the south of Fobane hill and 1 mile down river from where Khubantso stream joins the river, follow the footpath in a southerly direction from the

river to the village of Jane Ts'ehlo; thence west along the small footpath running to the north of the village kraals and thence across the footpath from Phoofole to Sebalabala store, and across the lands in a westerly direction for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile before following the small tributary of the stream that rises at Mamathe; thence down this tributary for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile in a west-north-west direction to where it joins the main stream and then up the stream to a point below the hill south of Sebalabala; thence west for a short distance along the path to St. David's Mission before turning south along the track running to the west of Ntebele village; thence along the track for a short distance and then climb the hill to the west of Motsokong village and from there drop down to join the Teyatyaneng - Sebalabala road where it turns sharply east $\frac{1}{2}$ mile north of Mamathe store; thence south and west along the road to a point immediately below Mamathe Trig station south up the hill to the Trig station, across Lefufa hill and follow the small stream that rises immediately south of the Trig station to its junction with the Tebe-tebeng stream which is a common point for Nos. 14, 17 and 18 constituencies; thence cross the Thebe-Tebeng and follow the footpath that passes to the east of Mopeli and immediately south of Mopeli turn west along another small path for a short distance before turning south again along another track which continues south until a small stream and then turns west crossing 2 streams and meeting the third stream where the two upper tributaries join to the east of

Teyateyaneng; thence up the east tributary which leads to Kepi village, leaving the stream where it turns south-east to Kepi and continue across the road to join the Teja-Tejane stream immediately east of where the stream that rises to the west of Koali store joins the Teja-Tejane; thence follow the Teja-Tejane down stream to a point where a small stream that flows from the west joins the Teja-Tejane just below the bridge on the Maseru - Teyateyaneng road which is a common point for Nos. 14, 19 and 20 constituencies and thence to where it joins the Phuthiatsana River and then down the Phuthiatsana which is the Berea - Leribe district boundary to where it joins the Caledon River at Poho's Drift which is the common point for Nos. 14 and 20 constituencies; thence up the Caledon River border to the bend in the river above Mohlokaqala village where a small stream flows in, which is a common point for Nos. 13 and 14 constituencies, and thence along the common boundary with No. 13 constituency to the junction of the Tebe-Tebeng stream and Phuthiatsana River where it turns west and follows the district boundary and the common boundary along the Phuthiatsana River to the starting point.

15. KOENENG

In the district of Berea, the Electoral Division of Bela-Bela, lettered J; the Electoral Division of Nokong, lettered O; and in the Electoral Division of Khotsi's, lettered L, the villages or areas of Mokhathi, Majaheng (Molikuoa), Boinyatso (Sebili), Baking, Komoaleburu, and Corn Exchange. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF BELA-BELA (J):

Bela-Bela (Kharafu), Kolojane, Seisa, Hoatane, Mokomahatsi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF NOKONG (O):

Lehono, Nokong (Motjoli), Futhong (Emanuel Nthoba), Nts'irele, Nokong (Peete) (Mahlajoane), Potjo, Pachakane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KHOTSI'S (L):

Mokhathi, Mojaheng (Molikuoa), Boinyatso (Sebili), Baking, Khomoaleburu, and Corn Exchange.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7888

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 10, 15 and 16 constituencies to the north of Majoe Mats'o village on the Phuthiatsana River, follow the river downstream to a point where the river turns sharp north $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles east of Mapoteng and where a small stream joins the river immediately before it turns north which is a common point for Nos. 15, 16 and 17 constituencies; thence continuing along the Phuthiatsana to the point where the Kubetu stream joins it immediately below where the Ficksburg - Mapoteng road crosses the river; thence up the Kubetu stream

following the central tributary to a point east of Motloang Trig station and then up the hill to Motloang Trig station and north-west along the track that passes the station until it reaches the eastern tributary of the Lehlabatheng stream and thence down the tributary until it joins the main stream below Majameng village; thence south up the Lehlabatheng stream for $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles to a point beneath the east cliff of Monyetlong where the footpath running west from Motloang village crosses the stream, and thence along the footpath that crosses the northern ridge of Monyetlong plateau in a north-west direction into a small tributary of the stream that rises on the south part of Monyetlong plateau, and down the stream in a northerly direction passing east of the village of Thakampolo to where the stream joins the Phuthiatsana which is a common point for Nos. 15, 17 and 13 constituencies; thence east along the Phuthiatsana which is the Leribe - Berea district boundary and the common boundary with No. 13 constituency, and then north from the river follow the district boundary to the starting point.

16. MASALEMANE

In the district of Berea, the Electoral Division of Moletsane, lettered K; the Electoral Division of Sebetia, lettered M, excluding the villages or areas of Senqunyane (Ramatlali) and Senqunyane (Chaba); the village or area of Khokhoba in the Electoral Division of Masoeling, lettered B; and the villages or areas of Liphakoeng and Kubetu in the Electoral Division of Mapoteng, lettered N; it will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOLETSANE (K):

Mokoallong, Bitsolebe, Moletsane, Khubetsoana, Posholi, Mosalemane, Liotloaneng, Puoane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEBETIA (M):

Sebetia (or Sebedia), Majoemats'o, Phororong, Monyameng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MASOELING (B):

Khokhoba.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAPOTENG (N):

Liphakoeng, Kubetu.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 6852

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for constituencies Nos. 10, 15 and 16, on the Phuthiatsana River to the north of Majoe - Matso, follow the Leribe- Berea district boundary and the common boundary for No. 10 constituency in an easterly direction through Khoaba-La-E-Ja-Bohome and thence south along the Maseru - Berea district boundary and common boundary with

Constituency No. 22, to a point on the Senqunyane River due east of Thaba Telle; thence down the Senqunyane to a point immediately north of the bow shaped bend where the Tsoelike stream joins the Senqunyane near Thaba Bosiu village and where a western tributary joins the river; thence along the district boundary west up the tributary through a point on the Bokong River which is a common point for Nos. 16, 22 and 25 constituencies and thence along the district boundary and common boundary with No. 23 constituency to a point on the Hlabeng-Sa-Likhama watershed between the Bokong and Jordane catchment areas; thence north along the watershed which is the common boundary for constituency No. 25, to a point on the hill $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles south of the minor Trig station (alt. 9541 ft.), a common point for Nos. 16, 18 and 25 constituencies, and thence along the watershed and down the ridge to the east of Bitso-Lebe school to a point on the Mapoteng - Moletsane road 1 mile to the west of the store on the west leg of the large bend; thence north-west along the road for 2 miles to the common point for Nos. 16, 17 and 18 constituencies and thence north to join and follow the west fork of the small stream flowing north to the stream's junction with the Phuthiatsana at the western end of a large bend in the river which is a common point for Nos. 15, 16 and 17 constituencies; thence east along the Phuthiatsana along the common boundary with number 15 constituency to the starting point.

17. KHAFUNG

In the district of Berea, the Electoral Division of Masoeling, lettered B, excluding the village or area of Khokhoba; the Electoral Division of Mapoteng, lettered N, excluding the villages or areas of Liphakoeng and Kubetu; in the Electoral Division of Mamathe, lettered A, the villages or areas of Mamathe, Letsoejane (Lenkoane) Leneha, Cana, ('Majoele) Ntebele, Phire (Liau), Sebalabala (Mitchel), Khalahali, Bolanku; the village or area of Mahleke in the Electoral Division of Ntlama, lettered D; and the villages or areas of Motloang and Koone in the Electoral Division of Khotsi's, lettered L. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MASOELING (B):

Monyetleng, Thakampholo, Bose, Korotsoane, Phiri, Ntsabane, Ratsosane, Thotapeli, Liphiring, Lefikeng, Phalatsane, Kholopane, Mokoma, Masoeling, Makoti, Selone, Moepi, Ntsau.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAPOTENG (N):

Mapoteng, Popòpo, Rachere, Sefateng, Tjobe.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAMATHE (A):

Mamathe, Letsoejane (Lenkoane), Leneha, Cana (Majoele), Ntebele, Phiri (Liau), Sebalabala (Mitchel) Khalahali, Bolanku.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF NTLAMA (D):

Mahleke.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KHOTSI'S (L):

Motloang, Koone.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8177

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 15, 16 and 17 constituencies where a small stream joins the Phuthiatsana at the western end of the large bend in the river $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles east of Mapoteng, follow the common boundary with No. 16 constituency to the common point for Nos 16, 17 and 18 constituencies on the Mapoteng - Moletsane road and thence across the road to join the Kubetu stream; thence downstream in a north-westerly direction for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile before turning south-south-west up a tributary for $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles, where having followed the first branch to the west, it goes through the lands for $\frac{1}{4}$ mile to the top of a small hill; thence south to join a footpath running through the lands until the path joins another running in an east-west direction through the lands north of the village of Seutloali; thence west along the new path for $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles to a point where the path joins the Masoeling - Mahlatse store track $\frac{3}{4}$ mile north-west of the store. From here cross the track and join the eastern fork and the eastern branch of a small tributary of the Tebe-Tebeng stream and down this stream and down the Tebe-Tebeng in a westerly direction past Thota-Peli plateau and on to a point on the Tebe-Tebeng where the track running north from Mopeli village crosses the stream which is a common point for Nos. 14, 17 and 18 constituencies; thence north following the common boundary with No. 14 constituency to the Phuthiatsana River which is the common point for Nos. 13, 14 and 17 constituencies and thence east up the Phuthiatsana which is the Leribe - Berea district boundary and the common boun-

dary for No. 13 constituency to the point on the river north of Thakampolo village which is the common point for Nos. 13, 15 and 17 constituencies, and thence south to follow the common boundary with No. 15 constituency to the starting point.

18. MALIMONG

In the district of Berea, the Electoral Division of Mateka, lettered E, excluding the village area of Jordane; the Electoral Division of Ntlama, lettered D, excluding the village or area of Mahleke; in the Electoral Division of Teyateyaneng, lettered C, the villages or areas shown below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATEKA (E):

Pitsaneng, Rachane, Motseare (Mokholoko), Pulane, (Morocke Moima), Mosili, Pulane (Mosiuoa 'Mota), Pulane, (Mokhalinyane Masupha), Likolobeng, Mogetoane, Mateka, Bokhopha, Masheane, Molangoanyana, Mohasholane, Tsai, Ralejoe.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF NTLAMA (D):

Bokhopha, Ntlama, Tsematsi, Malimong, Paballong, Phenethi, Rantikoane, Naleli, Ramagele, Ntsekhe, Masuoeng, Maputsane, Mahlatsa (Pii's) Mahlatsa (Matelile), Mahlatsa (Rankali), Mahlatsa (Seuthloali), Mahlatsa (Masupha), Morake, Raletooane, Mohatlane, Mokolanyane, Monethi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TEYATEYANENG (C):

Tsikoane, Bale, Selo, Mesapela, Lekhafola, Lithabaneng, Tebeli, Nthebe, Sello, Lethokonyane, Sekhukhuni.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7697

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 16, 17 and 18 constituencies on the road north west of Moletsane Store, follow the common boundary with No. 16 constituency south east along the road, past Bitso-Lebe and to the point $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of the Minor Trig station (Alt 9541) on the Hlabong-Sa-Likhama ridge which is a common point for Nos. 16, 18 and 25 constituencies; thence west to Likolobong Height and join the Berea--Maseru District boundary at Likhabaneng Height and thence along the district boundary through Nkokabe which is a common point for Nos. 18, 25 and 28 constituencies and through Machache Trig station (Alt 9464); thence north west where the district boundary crosses the southern Phutiatsana River, south of where the Pitsaneng

stream /...

stream joins the river, which is a common point for Nos. 18, 19, 28 and 30 constituencies; thence north east up the southern Phuthiatsana to the point beyond the sharp bend in the river where the tributary that rises to the east of Mateka Store joins the river and thence up this tributary to its source and in a straight line from there across the lands to the source of the Teja-Tejane River $\frac{3}{4}$ mile south south west of the sharp bend in the Ty-Mateka's road and thence down the Teja-Tejane to the common point for constituencies Nos. 14, 18 and 19 south west of Kepi and from here north following the common boundary with No. 14 constituency to the common point for Nos. 14, 17 and 18 constituencies on the Teba-Tebong north of Mopeli and thence east along the Tebe-Tebong which is the common boundary with No. 17 constituency to the starting point.

19. TS'OANA-MAKHULO

In the district of Berea, the Electoral Division of Koali, lettered F; the Electoral Division of Senekal, lettered H; in the Electoral Division of Lekokoaneng, lettered G, the villages or areas of Lekokoaneng (Martins) (including Linokong and Souru), Litsiling, Lebesa, Khano, Tlapaneng, Maope. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KOALI (F):

Ts'oanamakhulo, Lephoi, Ts'ekelo (Koenaele), Ramothamo, Malimabe, Ramabele, Khanyela, Notsi (Mosiphda), Rapholo (Sebothama), Sefikaneng ('Mamoekele).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SENEKAL (H):

Mokoallong, Piting, Sefikeng, Macheli, Letsipa.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LEKOKOANENG (G):

Lekokoaneng (Martins) (including Linokong and Souru), Litsiling, Lebesa, Khano, Tlapaneng, Maope.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7907

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 18, 19, 28 and 30 constituencies where the Maseru-Berea District boundary crosses the southern Phuthiatsana River follow the district boundary in a north west direction to the Sefikong Trig Station (Alt 1363); thence south west to join the source of the Thupa-Kuba River which it follows down to a point in the wide gorge $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south west of Senekane Store, where the river turns south, and where a stream flowing in a south Easterly direction joins the river; thence up this stream to the top of the cliffs and along the stream in a westerly direction for a short distance before turning north west along a footpath which joins the Berea Mission - Senekane Road after a very short distance at a point where the road is closest to the cliff. From here cross the road to the head of the western branch of the west tributary of the Qalameng Stream, which joins the east tributary to the south east of Tlapaneng Trig station; and follow this tributary to the junction and then up the cliff to Tlapaneng Trig station and
thence /...

thence down the Senyotong Stream which flows north from Tlapaneng to a point where it follows a small stream on the east to where it joins the footpath running east-west to the south of Lehlohonolo Village, along this footpath in an easterly direction to where it joins the larger path running north from Ha Souru Village which it follows in a northerly direction for 1 mile. From here follow a small tributary of the Teja-Tejan River in a north east direction to where it joins the Teja-Tejan north of the bridge on the Maseru-Teyateyaneng road over the Teja-Tejan which is a common point for Nos. 14, 19 and 20 constituencies, and thence up the Teja-Tejan in a south east direction on the common boundary with No. 14 constituency to the common point for Nos. 14, 18 and 19 constituencies south of Kepi and continue along the common boundary with No. 18 constituency to the starting point.

20. BEREA

In the district of Berea, the Electoral Division of Maqkaka, lettered Q, excluding the village or area of Koalabata; the Electoral Division of Lovely-Rock, lettered P, excluding the villages or areas of Mabote (Mapelane) and Khubetsoana; in the Electoral Division of Lekokoaneng lettered G, the villages or areas shown below; and in the Electoral Division of Thupakubu, lettered I, the villages or areas shown below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAQHAKA (Q):

Maqhaka, Qopo, Sekokong, Tsoili-Tsoili, Sekanameng, Khopane, Mikea, Marabeng, Khampepe, Pharoe (or Phaharoe), Qalaheng, (Mpoli Tlelima), Qalaheng (Makatane Sheshe), Qalaheng (Majara), Berea Hills, Mafotholeng, Mabekenyanne, Joalaboholo.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LOVELY-ROCK (P):

Lovely-Rock, Thabaneng, Liphiring (Tloahane), Motsoene, Makola, Mofolosa, Tocha, Seetane, Mokhethoaneng, Malumeng, Bokone, Lifelekoaneng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LEKOKOANENG (G):

Lehlohonolo, Mpiko, Lekooetje (Phehello), Fusi, Thabants' oana, Makoanyane, Sekutukutu.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF THUPAKUBU (I):

Leboli (Tsitso), Motloang, Ramoloi, Mohatloane, Thuathe, Ntoanats'oana.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7306

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 19, 20 and 30 constituencies on the Thupa-Kuba River south west of Sonekane Store go down the Thupa-Kuba for three miles where it joins the Berea-Maseru District boundary which runs west along the top of the Berea Plateau and drops down into the headwaters of Mejametalane Stream; thence along the district boundary to a point due north of the Botsabelo Leper Asylum, thence north east along a small stream to the top of the Berea Plateau and along the edge of the plateau, across

Lancers /...

Lancers Gap Road and down the middle of three branches of the headwaters of the stream that starts near and in Lancers Gap and flows in a northerly direction. Thence down this stream to its junction with the Caledon River, a $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to the south of where the Maliemere Stream joins the Caledon which is a common point for Nos. 20 and 32 constituencies and thence in a northerly direction along the Caledon River border to where the Phuthiatsana River joins the Caledon at Phol's Drift which is a common point for Nos. 14 and 20 constituencies; thence east along the Phuthiatsana which is the Leribe-Berea District boundary and the common boundary for No. 14 constituency; thence turning south along the common boundary with No. 14 constituency to the common point for Nos. 14, 19 and 20 constituencies on the Teja-Tejan River and thence south along the common boundary with constituency No. 19 to the starting point.

21. THABA MOEA.

The Electoral Divisions of Thaba Tseka, lettered O, and Mantsonyane, lettered FA, in the district of Maseru, and the village or area of Mpalipali Khotso in the Electoral Division of Litlhorong, lettered T, in the district of Mafeteng. It will include the lettered T, in the district of Mafeteng. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF THABA TSEKA (O):

'Malira Khosimotse Ntaote, Khomo-ee-Leburu Motsoloane, Motale Phitsane (Pitsanyane), Molefi Motsepa, Bereng Ntaote, Qanako Semenyane and Majara Moshoeshe.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MANTSONYANE (FA):

Nkuebe Khoeli (Ha Motau), Tsoarelo Letsie (Raphael) (or Masalae Tsoarelo Letsie), Lepolesa Nqhochane, Khopiso M. Ierotholi, Mamofoka Letsie (Toka Mohau) as well as Petrose and Mashoaepane Maama (Ha Toka Mohau).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LITLHORONG (T):

Mpalipali Khotso.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 6922

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 6, 21 and 57 constituencies and for the Maseru, Leribe and Mokhotlong district boundaries, at the confluence of the Semena and Mantsonyane (or Matsoku) Rivers, follow the Maseru - Mokhotlong district boundary down the Semena to the point where it leaves the Semena

and becomes the Maseru - Qacha's Nek district boundary, which is the common point for Nos. 21, 56 and 57 constituencies and the common point for Maseru, Mokhotlong and Qacha's Nek district boundaries, it then follows the watershed to Tumahole Trig Station (alt. 107598) where it becomes the Maseru - Mohale's Hoek district boundary, and which is a common point for 21, 41 and 56 constituencies; thence follow the district boundary south-west along the watershed for $3\frac{3}{4}$ miles to the source of the Motsekuoa stream which is a common point for Nos. 21, 23 and 41 constituencies; thence west along the ridge between the Lesobeng and Motsekuoa catchment areas that starts at the head of the Motsekuoa stream; thence follow this ridge for 5 miles before going down the tributary of the Lesobeng stream that joins the Lesobeng at the east end of the south bend in the river $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles due west of Lesobeng village and thence down the Lesobeng to its junction with the Mantsonyane River; thence up the Mantsonyane River in a northerly direction for 8 miles, which is $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles north-north west in a straight line, to the eastern end of the south-west to north-east leg of a large bend in the river where it then follows a small stream to the west to the top of the ridge between the Mantsonyane and Senqunyane catchment areas; thence across to join a small tributary of the Senqunyane which it follows to the main river joining the centre of a large bend to the east in the river beneath a 700 ft. hill on the west bank and $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles south-south-east of Mokheba village; thence up the river through the point where the large tributary from the west joins it, $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles north-west of Mokheba village which is a common

point for Nos. 21, 23 and 25 constituencies and thence to where the tributary to the south of Nona Village joins it, up this tributary in an easterly direction to the watershed, across the watershed and join the north branch of the tributary of the Mantsonyane which flows to the north of the village of Nyane and follow it down to where it joins the Mantsonyane south-east of Nyane village; thence up the Mantsonyane in a northerly direction to where the Temane stream joins the river which is a common point for Nos. 21, 22 and 25 constituencies, and thence up the Temane stream in an easterly direction for $4\frac{3}{4}$ miles (in a straight line) where it turns north-east along a tributary and thence north along a ridge for $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles to a small tributary of the upper Mantsonyane which it follows to where it joins the river $\frac{3}{4}$ miles south of where the major tributary from the east joins the river; thence up the Mantsonyane to where this major tributary joins the river and turns east to follow the ridge to the north of the tributary until it reaches the watershed between the Mantsonyane and Semena catchment areas 4 miles north-west of Kolberg Peak which is a common point for Nos. 6, 21 and 22 constituencies; and thence south-east along the Maseru - Leribe district boundary and the common boundary with constituency No. 6 across Kolberg Peak to the starting point.

22. SENQUNYANE

The portions of the Electoral Division of Marakabei, lettered E, which are set out below; the Electoral Division of Mantsonyane (Ha Toka), lettered F, excluding the village or area of Marakabei T. Lerotholi and the sub-villages or sub-areas thereof; the Electoral Division of Makhobalo's, lettered U, excluding the village or area of Pontseng (Shadrack Theko), all in the district of Maseru; and the villages or areas of Senqunyane (Ramatlali) and Senqunyane (Cheba), in the Electoral Division of Sebetia, lettered M, in the district of Berea. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MARAKABEI (E):

Khosi Mokoaela, Bokong Ha Mofubetsoane, David Mochochoko (Monyahane), Rabolosi Masekoane, Motsokane Makaba, Makujoe Mpeli, Mokebisa 'Mabathoana and Joel Molungoa.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MANTSONYANE (HA TOKA) (F):

Toka Mojela, Mokhahla C. Maime, Dinizulu Maime, Ephraim Lebakeng, Sebili Mohale (Maseeiso Mapeshoane) Poloko's, Moriana Mohleleng, Long Mabathoana, Paulusi Qamashahole, Makopoi, Sekhobe, Griffith (Noha), Mahlong Lerotholi, Kemuel Maama Lechesa, Mapoki Lerotholi, Sekoala Lepipi and B. Hlalele.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAKHOBALO'S (U):

Lebiletsa, Mapheelle, Thaba Bosiu (including Mamachepisa) and Mamoseme Rapolokoane (Rapolane).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEBETIA (M):

Senqunyane (Ramatlali) and Senqunyane (Chaba).

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 6952

BOUNDARY:

Starting on the common point for Nos. 6, 21 and 22 constituencies on the watershed 4 miles north-west of Kolberg, go south-west along the common boundary with No. 21 constituency to where the Temane stream joins the Mantsonyane River which is a common point for Nos. 21, 22 and 25 constituencies, and thence north up the Mantsonyane for $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles to where the tributary which flows from the west joins the river to the north of Mantsonyane store. From here go up the tributary, alongside which on the south bank runs the new road from Lekhalo-la-Noba to Mantsonyane, to its source on the watershed between the Mantsonyane and Senqunyane catchment areas, across the watershed for a $\frac{1}{4}$ mile and thence down the tributary that flows west into the Senqunyane $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile north-east of Marakabei store; thence up the Senqunyane to the confluence of the Senqunyane and Bokong stream and then up the Bokong to a point where the Berea - Maseru district boundary crosses the stream, which is a common point for Nos. 16, 22 and 25 constituencies, east of Mohlesi Height, and thence east along the district boundary and common boundary with No. 16 constituency to the Senqunyane; thence along the common boundary with No. 16 constituency up the Senqunyane River to where it rejoins the district boundary and thence to the common point for Nos. 6, 8, 10, 16 and 22 constituencies at Trig Station at Kheaba-la-e-ja Bohobe (alt. 10,258 ft.); thence south along the Maseru - Leribe district boundary and the common boundary with No. 6 constituency to the starting point.

23. MALETSUNYANE

The Electoral Division of Semonkong, lettered G, in the district of Maseru, and the Electoral Division of Litchhorong, lettered T, excluding the village or area of Mpalipali Khotso, in the district of Mafeteng. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEMONKONG (G):

Manama Leloko Ierotholi (Semonkong), Phakiso Tebesi (Breipal), Tefo Mocketetsa (Senqunyane), Elia Lehloenya (Likorolo), Julius Nchela (Senqunyane), Tsutsulupa Mpela (Taliwe), Tatolo Pakiso (Senqunyane) Phallang Sebaki (Maletsunyane), Moqibi Raleqheka (Maletsunyane) (Thaba Tsoeu), Moahloli Josias Mopeli (Maletsunyane), Mofalali Mateketa (Maletsunyane), Mathuso Neo (Maletsunyane), Paulusi Moahloli (Maletsunyane), Senatla Sekolo (Maletsunyane), Mok-atja Raphoka (Mohlaka-oo-Tuka), Zakea Taole, Nthapo Tsui and Ernest Masunyane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LITLHORONG (T):

Solomon Mohale, Seqobela Mohale, Ntinkana Kou's, Poo Lekhotho, Motsoanakaba Mohale, Mohale Mohale, Mohapela Mohale, Joppo Mohale, Senankoane Rahloho, Sello Seqobela, Masilo Matsie, Tsomela Seqobela, Tahliho Mohale, Mampoi Lechesa, 'Mamahlomola Matete and Polao Matete.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7185

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 21, 23 and 25 constituencies on the Senqunyane River, $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles north-west of Mokheba village follow the common boundary with No. 21 constituency east to the point $3\frac{3}{4}$ miles south-west of the Tumahole Trig Station at the source of the Motsekuoa stream and a common point for Nos. 21, 23 and 41 constituencies, thence south-west along the Maseru - Mohale's Hoek district boundary and common boundary with No. 41 constituency, across the Senqunyane north of Majoro village, and continue in a westerly direction to the east bank of the Maletsunyane River which is a common point for Nos. 23, 41 and 42 constituencies and on along the district boundary and common boundary for No. 42 constituency, across the Maletsunyane Falls and on to where the district boundary reaches the source of the south-east tributary of the Ketane River 3 miles north of Bati school; which is a common point for Nos. 23, 33 and 42 constituencies; thence north along the watershed between the Ketane and Maletsunyane catchment areas to a point on the Thaba Putsoa range which is the source of the Ketane River, the Nts'ope and Letsunyane streams and the west flowing tributary of the Maletsunyane River, and a common point for Nos. 23, 24 and 33 constituencies; thence east down this major tributary crossing the Lekhalong-la-Makheka track and continuing to the junction with the Maletsunyane River $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles north-north-west of Semonkong Mission Station and thence up the Maletsunyane River for 9 miles to the confluence of the large eastern and smaller western upper tributaries 5 miles south-south-west of Monyamane mountain, which is a common point for Nos. 23, 24

and 25 constituencies, and thence up the eastern tributary to the watershed between the Maletsunyane and Senqunyane catchment areas, and east down the tributary running parallel to and in between Setokoane and Mokolometsane streams to the starting point.

24. MAKHALENG

In the district of Maseru, the Electoral Divisions of Ramabanta, lettered S, and Raleqheka, lettered L, and those portions of the Electoral Divisions of Makhaleng (ha Simone), lettered D, and Kubake, lettered T, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF RAMABANTA (S):

Ramabanta's (Makopoi R. Api), Mabotse Api, Mankata Mokhachane, Nkesi Mantsa, Thahamane Meene, Mahlatsi Lekula, Tsepo Sefali, Potsane Thabo, Paepae Moseme, Thebe Lebona, Motsoetla Letsie, Motseki Motlelepe, Tumo Letsie, Thabo Api, Matseliso 'Muso, Seeiso Api, Machakela Mafa and Seqhatsi Mafa.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF RALEQHEKA (L):

Mochekoane Kali, Mashoapane Maama, Harebatho Letsie, Maggion Moima, Mamafoka Mohau, Shoaepane (or Moanakoena) Kori, Matheatlala Shoaepane (including Ntoetsi Matheatlala) and Nkuebe Makhaola (Ha Makoetje or Masefate Makoetje).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAKHALENG (HA SIMIONE) (D):

Mahlomola Lehloenya, Moroeng Mathashola (Chadwick Mohapi), Tsiu Malefane, Mokone Khanyetsi, Mothuntsane Kalebe (Thaba Putsoa), Griffith Mahanetsa (Moqhonoane), Kotsora Tsese, Pshatllella Moitsupeli (Ngope Khubelu), Motsamai Keleke, Chechane Matjeane, Joel Makoe, Ntahli Makafane and Azael Matsaba (Mpota's).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KUBAKE (T):

'Mamakhabane Mokhachane.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7033

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 23, 24 and 25 constituencies where the east and west tributaries of the Maletsunyane River join 5 miles south-south-west on Monyamane mountain, go south and west along the common boundary with No. 23 constituency to the common point for Nos. 23, 24 and 33 constituencies at the source of the Ketane river and thence west along the Thaba Putsoa range to Khoroea-Maseteli which is the source of Kubake stream; thence down the Kubake to its junction with the Makhaleng River and thence west down the Makhaleng to its confluence with the Makhalaneng stream below Ramabitsa which is a common point for Nos. 24, 33 and 34 constituencies; thence up the Makalaneng stream in a northerly direction to a point $\frac{1}{4}$ mile south of the sharp bend in the road between Makhakhe and Raleqheka where the tributary which rises on Motlejoa and Kona Peaks joins the Makhaleng, which is a common point for Nos. 24, 26 and 34 constituencies and thence up the river for another 3 miles to a point $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south-east of Raleqheka, thence east along a small tributary taking the northern branch to the watershed between the Makhalaneng and Makhaleng catchment areas and thence along the watershed, past Nkofi and Mats'aba villages, across the Ramabanta road and on for a further $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles to the hill at the point where the watershed turns sharply north to Thabana li Mele; thence follow the small stream that rises on the hill in a north-east direction to where it joins a small tributary of the Makhaleng, up this tributary for $\frac{1}{4}$ mile before going due north for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile past the source of a small

stream and then east for 1 mile to join another tributary of the Makhaleng; thence up this tributary, passing one mile to the east of Thabana-li Mele and rejoining the watershed $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of Mants'on - yane Peak, which it then crosses and continues along the watershed for a further $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles to a small hill about 300 ft. high, and thence north-east to join a tributary of the Makhaleng which it follows to the junction at the west end of the west-east arm of a large bend to the east in the Makhaleng River $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles west of Lekhooa village; thence along the east flow-arm of the bend and at the eastern end leaves the river and climbs to the ridge to the south of Lekhooa village and then go north-east along this ridge to follow the Khoro-ha-Mokollo bridle path to the hill that is the source of the Leqhiliqhili and Kolobeng streams and many smaller ones, which is a common point for Nos. 24, 25 and 26 constituencies; thence south-east for 4 miles along the watershed between the Senqunyane and Makhaleng catchment areas and thence south down the watershed to the source of the eastern tributary of the Malutsenyane where it leaves the main watershed and follows the watershed between the upper Malutsenyane and the Setokoane tributary of the Senqunyane to the start.

25. THABA PUTSOA

The portions of the Electoral Divisions of Marakabei, lettered E, and Lirshalibonoe, lettered V, which are set out below; the villages or areas of Marakabei T. Lerotholi in the Electoral Division of Mantsonyane (Ha Toka), lettered F, and Pontseng (Shadrack Theko), in the Electoral Division of Makhobala's, lettered U; all in the district of Maseru; and the village or area of Jordane in the Electoral Division of Mateka, lettered E, in the district of Berea. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MARAKABEI (E):

Seeiso Maama Marakabei, Ramohope Motemekoane, Mojalefa Qamako, Letele Mkhahle, Abel Matete and Apili Sekhonyana (Letseng).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LIRAHALIBONOE (V)

Khoabane (including Makhalanyane Makhalanyane), Tumahole Theko and Lebanyane Jobo.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MANTSONYANE
(Ha Toka) (F):

Marakabei T. Lerotholi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAKHOBALO'S (U):

Pontseng (Shadrack Theko).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATEKA (E):

Jordane

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7408

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 21, 22 and 25 on the confluence of the Mantsonyane River and the Temane stream go south and west and then south along the common boundary with constituency No. 21 to a point on the Senqunyane River north-west of Mokheba village which is the common point for Nos. 21, 23 and 25 constituencies and thence west along the common boundary with No. 23 constituency to a point on the Maletsunyane River which is the common point for Nos. 23, 24 and 25 constituencies; thence north along the watershed and along the common boundary with No. 24 constituency to the hill that is the source of the Leqhiliqhili and Kolobeng streams and the common point for Nos. 24, 25 and 26 constituencies and thence north along the ridge crossing the southern upper tributary of the Kolobeng stream and continuing to join its northern tributary; thence west down the Likolobeng stream to a point south of Thajana-Thajana hill where it turns north up a small stream to the top of the Thajana-Thajana hill and thence down a stream flowing north from the hill for $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles before turning east to follow the ridge that runs north from Lirahalibone village to the apex of the bend on the mountain road $\frac{3}{4}$ mile north-east of the village of Lekubane. From here go east along the Mountain road to the apex of the sharp curve to the north near the top of the Blue Mountain Pass and then turn north climbing up the valley to the watershed between the Senqunyane and Makhaleng catchment areas and thence north through the minor Trig station (alt. 9521 ft.) on along the ridge to Pitsaneng Height and on to Nkokabe where it joins the Maseru - Berea district boundary as Nkokabe and common point for Nos.

18, 25 and 28 constituencies; thence north-east along the district boundary and common boundary with constituency No. 18 to Likhaebaneng where leaving the district boundary turn north along the common boundary with No. 18 constituency into the Berea district to Likolotseng and thence east along the watershed to the hill south of the minor Trig station (alt. 9541) which is the common point for Nos. 16, 18 and 25 constituencies, and thence along the common boundary with No. 16 constituency to a point south of Mohlesi on the Hlabong-sa-Likhama ridge where it rejoins the district boundary which it follows to the point on the Bokong River which is a common point for Nos. 16, 22 and 25 constituencies. From here leaving the district boundary and going into Maseru district go south along the common boundary with No. 22 constituency down the Bokong and Senqunyane River and then east to the starting point.

26. THABANA LI 'MELE

In the district of Maseru, the Electoral Division of Tlali, lettered C, excluding the villages or areas of Mapeete Makoe, Mohlakoana Makola, Falele Pholo, Sehlabo Makhakhe, Malineo Matete and Sepaha Lekota; the Electoral Division of Nyakosoba, lettered P; the portions of the Electoral Division of Roma lettered R, and the portions of the Electoral Division of Makhaleng (Ha Simione), lettered D, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TLALI (C):

Leronti Ramashamole, Matli Lejaha, Makhaola Theko, Tlali, Dinizulu Nako Letsie (Makhalaneng), Kubu, Lehlasela, Malaoa, Nchela, Nketu, Rankoko, Kole Taole, Lefu Katiba, Malefa Kotsokane, Makoe Leholi, Mokhethi Lenaka, Lepolesa Makhobalo, Mohau Lilabo, Kopano Mphakoana, Machaena Ntina, Tota Mokheseng, Gauda Motjotji, Rabolose Matsoalane, Kamoha Nchakha, David Pitso, Jobo Rantsane, Mofoko Qetha, Kobeli Senatlangane, Teboho Ts'ehla, Mokhachane Sematle, Ntseka Mats'oana, Seliane Bana, Seutloali Matsaba and Qetha Sechele including the other villages falling within the area of Qetha Sechele.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF NYAKOSOBA (P):

'Malekunutu Maama (Makhaleng) Lekunutu Maama (Thabana-li-'Mele), Mamotseki N. Maama (Nyakosoba), Lebamang Maama (Morena Phillipi), Masehlo J. Maama, Motlepu Maama (Thaba Telle) and Ramoetsi Mahlaha.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF ROMA (R):

Matete Maama (Mokhokhong), Mabusetsa 'Mabathoana, Porane Letsie and Elia Lepphoto.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAKHALENG (D):

Mapili Ramashamole, Molebeli P. Rapeli (Leqhili Qhili), Moshe S. Titimisi (Liqhili-Qhili), Mojela Letsie, Mpiti Lerotholi, Andrease Sehloho (Likotopong) Tsokotsa Mafoqoi (Sekhotsoa Makhaleng) and Matthews Fochane.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7115

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 25, 26 and 28 constituencies on the Kolobong stream, follow the common boundary with No. 25 constituency east and south to the point on the hill which is the source of the Kolobong and Leqhiliqhili streams and the common point for Nos. 24, 25 and 26 constituencies and thence south-west along the common boundary with No. 24 constituency to the point on the Makhalanong stream which is the common point for Nos. 24, 26 and 34 constituencies. From here go along the tributary that rises on Motlejoa mountain, taking the northern branch that flows at the bottom of the northern slope of Motlejoa to its source and then west for a short distance to the source of extreme eastern branch of a small tributary of the Mamaebana stream which it follows for a $\frac{1}{4}$ mile to its junction with the tributary which is a common point for Nos. 26, 27 and 34. constituencies; thence north along the tributary for a $\frac{1}{4}$ mile to the source on the watershed between the Mamaebana and Makhalaneng catchment areas $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles north of Motlejoa which is at the extreme south of the watershed, and thence along the ridge to Thaba-ea-Likhome and thence NNW to a point $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to the south-east of Seqhoeng which is

the common point for Nos. 26, 27 and 29 constituencies and then past Seqhoeng to the Trig station at Thaba Telle; thence north-east down a stream that rises on the east slope of Thaba Telle and passes to the west of Matsana village after crossing the Mokema - Ramabanta road to join the Matlope stream and thence up the Matlope to its source on Popa mountain and from here to the source of the stream that rises on the upper south slope of Popanyane mountain, and flows north past Motebele village, which it follows to its junction with the northern upper tributary; thence east along this tributary for $\frac{1}{3}$ mile before following the small stream that goes up the cliffs to the top of the south east end of the Qhobosheaneng plateau at the nek of the ridge that forms the west wall of the pass through which the Roma - Makhaleng road passes; thence along this narrow ridge and across the road and along the edge of the cliffs in an easterly direction, thence down the Lehobos stream from the headwaters in an easterly direction and down the southern tributary which flows to the east of Nthebe village and continue along this tributary to its source on the hill two miles west-south-west of Thaba Chitja which is also the source of the southern tributary of the Phororong stream which is followed to the junction with the main stream north of Thaba Chitja which is a common point for Nos. 26, 28 and 29 constituencies; thence down the Phororong to its junction with the Makhaleng River and down the Makhaleng to where Kolobeng stream joins it and thence up the Kolobeng to the starting point.

27. THABANA NTSO'NYANA.

In the district of Maseru, the Electoral Divisions of Morija, lettered J, and Matsieng, lettered B, excluding the village or area of Mositoaeng Bagomi; and those portions of the Electoral division of Tlali, lettered C, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MORIJA (J):

Mahao Matete (Morija), Montso Matete, Suping L. Tlhakanelo, Joel Molungoa and Ramosa Sekoala (Tsoene Ramosa-Toloane's).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATSIENG (B):

Matsieng, Mahloenyeng Ha Suping Lehloenya, Mauteng Ha Marantsala Semapo, Makeneng Ha Lerotholi, Qhuuqhu Ha Sehephehephe, Elia Tsiu, Phahameng Ha Letsie II, Telle Letapata Sekhobe, Mojela Toka (Mosoang), Libetsa Nkoto (Mosoang), Sekoala Lepipi (Mosoang), Kholomi Dane (Mosoang), Nkokana Raphoka (Mosoang), Alina Nkaka, Mofumotse Khoabane (Mafikalisiu), Mapulane Mapheephe (Sekaleholo) (Kopano), Jobo Nthoana, Motseki Mphathi and Taele Motloheloa (Liphiring).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TLALI (C):

Mapecte Makoa, Mohlakoana Mokola, Falele Pholo, Sehlabo Makhakhe and Malineo Matete.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7321

BOUNDARY:

Starting from the common point for Nos. 26, 27 and 34 constituencies on a tributary of the Mamaobana stream the boundary goes down the tributary to its junction with the Mamaobana and thence goes west along the Maseru - Mafeteng district boundary to the confluence of the Tsoaing River and its major tributary $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles south-south-west of Nasite Trig station (alt. 6832 ft.) which is a common point for Nos. 27, 36 and 40 constituencies. From here it goes north-east up the tributary, leaving the district boundary and joining the Mafeteng - Maseru road where the eastern branch of the tributary crosses the road to the north of where the road from the north branches off to Morija, and thence along the main road passing Temane, crossing the Pitsaneng stream and on to where the minor road branches east to Matsieng.; thence down the Matsieng road to where it crosses the Bitso-Lebe stream and thence north down the Bitso-Lebe to its junction with the Tlametlu River and up the Tlametlu river for $\frac{3}{4}$ mile to where the stream from the large dam to the north of the river joins which is a common point for Nos. 27, 31 and 40 constituencies; thence up the river for another mile to where the large tributary that rises at Thabana Nts'onyana joins which is a common point for Nos. 27 29 and 31 constituencies, and thence up this tributary to a point due west of Leuta village, where it follows a stream east to the top of the ridge between this tributary and the Rakhoti stream; thence south-east along this ridge to the point south-west of Seqhoeng at the source of the Rakhoti stream which is a common point for Nos. 26, 27 and 29 constituencies and thence south along the common boundary with No. 26 constituency to the starting point.

28. MATELA.

In the district of Maseru, the Electoral Divisions of Ratau, lettered W, and Metolong, lettered X, excluding the village or area of Boithatelo (Seeiso M. Theko); and those portions of the Electoral Divisions of Lirahalibonoe, lettered V, of Roma, lettered R, and of Thaba Bosiu - Mokhalinyane, lettered YZ, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF RATAU (W):

Lethena Posholi, Ratau Village, Sebakeng Pekosela, Tjoetse Mokoenehi, Moremoholo Phaloane, Morena Mela, Motono Taeli, Mpete Sekake, Nyane Kalane, Maloto Takatso Motjoka, Qobete, Sekhonyana, Seqobela, Letsika Khotso, Maletapata Makotoko and Makenenuoe.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF METOLONG (X):

Ts'oene Makhale, Makabane M. Theko, Makubakube Rabotsoa, Molieo Masakale, Mamphaphathi Makotoko and Phohleli Mohajana or Mohajane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LIRAHALIBONOE (V)

Seoehlana, S. Maphaleba, Ntseke Setho, Cameron Theko, Motsoane Ramats'oane, Nqheku (or Motobeli Nqheku) and Ramahetlana T. (or Ramahetlana Tsoili).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF ROMA (R):

Seeiso Alexander Maama (Pinetown), Mpiti Seeiso (Tloutle) and Majara Ntsane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF THABA BOSIU/
MOKHALINYANE (YZ):

Jane Thibakhoali (now known as Mothomong Mtlama), Motloang, Patrick, Ntlama, Libe Sofonia, Mamathaleha Koali and Makotoko Mosalla.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8127

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 18, 25 and 28 constituencies at Nkokabe mountain, follow the common boundary with No. 25 constituency south to the common point for Nos. 25, 26 and 28 constituencies on the Kolobeng stream and thence west along the common boundary with No. 26 constituency to the point on the Phororong stream north of Thaba Chitja which is a common point for Nos. 26, 28 and 29 constituencies; thence north up the Phororong for a mile before turning north-west to the ridge between the Mohlako-Oa-Tuka and Lehobosi streams which it follows to the top of the cliffs to the south of Mamachatutsa village and thence along the cliffs in a westerly direction to the stream that flows south from Kubutu Trig station (alt. 6387 ft.) which it goes down to the junction with the Lehobosi stream. The boundary goes down the Lehobosi stream to where it meets the Maseru - Roma road; thence west along the road to where it crosses a tributary of the Koro-Koro 2 miles east of Makhalanyane store which is a common point for Nos. 28, 29 and 30 constituencies, and thence north-north-east up the tributary to the saddle at the top of the cliffs at the eastern end of the south-western spur of Ntlo-Kholo plateau; thence along the top of the western edge of the plateau past Ntsane, to the saddle between Ntsane and Thaba Bosiu where it joins the stream that flows north-east passing to the east of Thaba Bosiu store and Qiloane which it follows to its junction with the Little Caledon River; thence up the Little Caledon to the confluence of the Southern Phuthiatsana and Phiring rivers and up the southern Phuthiatsana to where it meets the Berea - Maseru

district boundary $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles west of Mokonyana village which is a common point for Nos. 18, 19 28 and 30 constituencies and thence south-west along the district boundary and common boundary with No. 18 constituency to Machache Trig station (alt. 9464 ft.) and thence to the starting point.

29. MAAMA

In the district of Maseru, the Electoral Divisions of Koro-Koro, lettered I, and Mokema, lettered Q; the villages or areas of Malekete 'Mualle Letsie (Hata-Butle) in the Electoral Division of Mazenod, lettered K, and of Mokone Tsitso in the Electoral Division of Mantsebo's (Upper Qeme), lettered A; and those portions of the Electoral Divisions of Roma, lettered R, and Thaba Bosiu - Mokhalinyane, lettered YZ, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KORO-KORO (I):

'Malireko S. Mofoka (Lehloia S. Mofoka) (Qhomane) Makhetha Tsilo, Majara T. Moshoeshoe, Hertig Mapeshoane, Nkuebe Khoeli and Mako Setoaba.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOKEMA (Q):

Joseph Molapo Maama (Mokema), Lyon Mahao, Mishaka Maime, Mokhohla, Sebakala, Alexander Maama Moshoeshoe, Mothetsi S. Maama, Manyane Maama, Thabo Maama and Martina Letsie.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAZENOD (K):

Malekete 'Mualle Letsie (Hata-Butle).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MANTSEBO'S
(UPPER QEME) (A):

Mokone Tsitso.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF ROMA (R):

Mafefoane Maama (Roma), Mamasopha N. Maama (Maama's), Sekele Mafube Mosheeshoe and Makoanyane Lehloba.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF THABA BOSIU/
MOKHALINYANE (YZ):

Sekabi Pekosela and Mokhameleli Jobo.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8087

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 26, 28 and 29 constituencies on the Phororong stream north of Thaba Chitja, south west along the common boundary with No. 26 constituency to the common point for Nos. 26, 27 and 29 constituencies at the source of the Rahkoti stream, south-east of Seqhoeng and thence north-west along the common boundary with No. 27 constituency to the common point for Nos. 27, 29 and 31 constituencies where the tributary joins the Tlametlu stream; thence north-east up the Tlametlu to the confluence of the two tributaries at the bridge on the road to Ts'iu store 1 mile east of Qhughu hill and then up the northern tributary to its source on the track to Mofoka store; thence across the road following a small path across the lands in a north-east direction for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to a point on the headwaters of a stream where the paths meet and thence down the stream past Makoba, across the Mokema road and on to the tributaries' junction with the Koro-Koro stream, where it goes down stream for a very short distance before turning north east along a tributary that leads to the common point for Nos. 28, 29 and 30 constituencies on the Masaru-Roma road west of Makhalanyaane store; thence east following the common boundary with constituency No. 28 to the starting point.

30. QILOANE

The villages or areas of Boithatelo (Seeiso M. Theko) in the Electoral Division of Metolong, lettered X, and of Tsekelo Abia Matsoso (Abia's) in the Electoral Division of Qoaling, lettered BB, in the district of Maseru; those portions of the Electoral Divisions of Thaba Busiu/Mokhalinyane, lettered YZ; of Mazenod, lettered K, and of Masianokeng, lettered AA, in the district of Maseru, which are set out below; and those portions of the Electoral Division of Thupakubu, lettered I, in the district of Berea, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF METOLONG (X):

Boithatelo (Seeiso M. Theko).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF QOALING (BB):

Tsekele Abia Matsoso (Abia's).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF THABA BOSIU/
MOKHALINYANE (YZ):

Khoabane (including the former village or area of Tsoenyane; Leshoboro M. Theko, Makoe (now known as Mampepuoa Joba), Qhoali's, Makhalanyane, Lenkoane Maphika and Motsu.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAZENOD (K):

Simon Ramokhele (Thoteng ea Moli) and Stephen Nko.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MASIANOKENG (AA):

Lentsoe Makhoathi, Frank Mapetla, Simon Mapetla, Eleaza Thabane, Hlatsi Mothobi (Ratsosane's) and Naleli Matala.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF THUPAKUBU (I):

Thupakubu, Khohloa, Khatala's, Malisa's, Thafeng's, Hlasa's and Masaleng.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8064

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 18, 19, 28 and 30 constituencies on the southern Phuthiatsana River where the Maseru - Berea district boundary crosses the river, follow the common boundary with No. 28 constituency south-west to the common point for Nos. 28, 29 and 30 constituencies on the Maseru - Roma road west of Makhalanyane store and thence south-west along the common boundary constituency No. 29 to the common point for Nos. 29, 30 and 31 constituencies where the Koro-Koro tributary crosses the Maseru - Mokema road; thence north-west along the road to join the Mafeteng - Maseru road and thence north along that road until it reaches the south-east boundary of Mazenod Mission; thence north off the road to follow the small tributary through the dam and down to the junction with the Koro-Koro stream and thence down the Koro-Koro stream to its junction with the Little Caledon River ; thence west down the Little Caledon to where a small stream joins the river in the centre of a large bend 1 mile west-north-west of the village of Phakalasane and thence up the stream in a north east direction to its source and then along the winding footpath across the lands that joins the Maseru - Roma road at the foot of the hill to the east of Seboka village; thence north-west along the road to where the old road to Thaba Bosiu branches off, along this road in a south-east direction for 1 mile to a point below Pack Saddle hill where it turns north following a small tributary of Mejametalane stream down to the junction with the main stream which is common point for Nos. 20, 30,

and 32 constituencies, thence east and north along the Berea - Maseru district boundary and the common boundary with No. 20 constituency to a point on the Thupa-Kuba stream where it turns north into the Berea district, along the common boundary with No. 20 constituency to a point on the Thupa-Kuba stream south of the Senekane store that is a common point for Nos. 19, 20 and 30 constituencies; thence east along the common boundary with No. 19 constituency to rejoin the district boundary at Sefikeng Trig station (alt. 7363 ft.) and thence down the district boundary and common boundary to the starting point.

31. QEME

In the district of Maseru, the Electoral Divisions of Rothe West, lettered N; Mantsebo's (Upper Qeme), lettered A, excluding the villages or areas of Mampiletsa Leutsa (including Neo Fita), Josias Moruthoane and Mokone Tsitso; and those portions of the Electoral Divisions of Rothe East, lettered M, and Mazenod, lettered K, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF ROTHE WEST (N):

Lisenyane, Khotseng, Mokhitli Lebeko, Sello Tello (or Nkoti Mosala), Mokhobotlela New Bereng, Sankoe Sekhonyana, Musi Mapheko, Stephen Ralikatana (Lebako) (or Lebeko Rahlao), Tsitso Mosunkutu (or Mosotho Katsoane (Katsoane)), Kotsane Mokone (or Hlolo Tholo Kotsane (Mokone)), K. or Lekatsa Ramokhele, Morobi (or Lebeko Malimatle), Mafa Khabisa (or Tsoebeane Mafa), Tsautae Lebotha, Mathabathe Maphole (or Mokhofu Hlalele), Mpono Mosamo and Seshope Sekhonyane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MANTSEBO'S
(UPPER QEME) (A):

Mankonaneng Ha Lerotholi Teko, Matukeng Ha Matsabisa Letuka, Pshatllella Thaabe (or Maama P. Letsie), Rampa Mokhameleli, Stephen Seloanyane, Mpo.P. Mpo (or Mpo) and Frank Josias Mopeli.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF ROTHE EAST (M):

Tlotlollo Tjamela, Lepono Ramaphiri, Leuw Tjobe (Morakanyane), Thoko Sakhi (Lesolomane) and Ikopa Mohapi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAZENOD (K):

'Neko Makhobalo, 'Mampoi Thabo Lechesa, Sello Lekhobanyane, and Makhebane Paki Mopeli (Mazenod).

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 3255

BOUNDARY

Starting at the common point for Nos 29, 30 and 31 constituencies on the Mokema Road where the Koro-Koro tributary crosses it North of Makoba village, follow the common boundary with No. 29 constituency South West to the point on the Tlametlu river that is a common point for Nos. 27, 29 and 31 constituencies and thence South West down the river on the common boundary with No. 27 constituency to the point where the small stream from the dam joins the Tlametlu which is a common point for Nos 27, 31 and 40 constituencies; thence North up the stream, through the dam and across the lands to join the footpath running North East which it follows for $\frac{3}{4}$ mile West to where it meets the footpath running in an East-West direction and thence West down this footpath for $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles to where it meets the Mafeteng-Maseru road $\frac{1}{2}$ mile North of the Tlametlu crossing; thence South along the road to the Tlametlu river and thence West down the Tlametlu to its confluence with the Mputsana river and up the Mputsana in a southerly direction to its source on the track $\frac{1}{3}$ mile North West of Mothibeli village, across the track and follow a small footpath West, across the lands for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to where it joins another track which it follows in a South East direction for $\frac{1}{3}$ mile to the headwaters of the stream that rises $\frac{1}{4}$ mile to the North West of Mothibeli; thence West down this stream to the junction with the Tsoaing to the South of Thabana Ts'oana and down the Tsoaing which is the Maseru - Mafeteng District boundary, to its junction with the Caledon river, which is a common point for Nos. 31 and 40 constituencies, and thence up the Caledon river border to where the little Caledon joins the Caledon; thence East up the little Caledon to the common point for Nos. 30, 31 and 32

constituencies on the river West of Phakalasane
and thence East along the common boundary with
No. 30 constituency to the starting point.

32. MASERU

The Electoral Divisions of Maseru Reserve, lettered H, are Qoaling, lettered BB, excluding the village or area of Tsekelo Abia Matsoso, in the district of Maseru; the village or area of Abiel Tsiu in the Electoral Division of Masianokeng, lettered AA, in the district of Maseru; the village or area of Koalabata in the Electoral Division of Maqhaka, lettered Q, in the district of Berea; and the villages or areas of Mabote (Mapelene) and Khubetsoana in the Electoral Division of Lovely Rock, lettered P, in the district of Berea. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MASERU RESERVE (H):

Maseru Reserve.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF QOALING (BB):

Tikoe Letlatsa (Phomolong), Seqobela Tikoe (Ha Letlatsa), Tsiamo Matsoso (Lepolesa's), Sekhonyana Besele (Besele's) and Thetsane Lesia (Thetsane's).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MASIANOKENG (AA):

Abiel Tsiu.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAQHAKA (Q):

Koalabata.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LOVELY ROCK (P):

Mabote (Mapelene) and Khubetsoana.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8152

BOUNDARY:

Starting on the common point for Nos. 20 and 32 constituencies on the Caledon River where the stream from Lancer's Gap joins the river, go up the stream through the Berea District along the common boundary with no. 20 constituency to a point on the Berea Plateau where it joins the

Maseru - Berea District boundary and thence along the common boundary and District boundary for a short distance in a South-Easterly direction to the common point for Nos. 20, 30 and 32 constituencies; thence South along the common boundary with No. 30 constituency to the common point on the Little Caledon River for Nos. 30, 31, and 32 constituencies and thence West down the river on the common boundary with No. 31 constituency to the Caledon River which is the common point for Nos. 31 and 32 constituencies, and North up the Caledon River border to the starting point.

33. MASEMOUSE

The Electoral Division of Ribaneng, lettered O, and the Electoral Division of Qaba's Store, lettered S, in the district of Mafeteng; and the Electoral Division of Kubake, lettered T, in the district of Maseru, with the exception of the village or area of 'Mamakhabane Mokhachane. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF RIBANENG (O):

Thaabe Seng, Moteaphala Nqhai (or Nqhae), Mahao Mojalefa (or Mojela), 'Masekake Mohale, Mpheulane Sechaba, Thetso Rakaibe, Mahlape Mohale, Barend Rantolo and Diamond or Daemane Molomo.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF QABA'S STORE (S):

Bereng Makoanyane, Qaba Malealea, Tumonyane Qaba, Ramakoae (or Ramakosi) Moremoholo, Malireko Salae and Makhobalo Seeiso.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KUBAKE (T):

Griffith Api, Florina Api, Malefane Mothuntsane, and Moseli Mabejane.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7088

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 23, 24 and 33 constituencies on the Thaba Putsoa range at the source of the Ketane River, go South along the common boundary with No. 23 constituency to the common point for Nos. 23, 33 and 42 constituencies at the source of the East tributary of the Ketane River and thence West along the Maseru - Mohale's Hoek District boundary to the source of the Ribaneng stream on the Thaba Putsoa Range, which is a common point for the Maseru-Mohale's Hoek and the Maseru - Mafeteng District Boundaries; thence along the Mafeteng - Mohale's Hoek District boundary

South through Pedlar's Peak, which is a common point for Nos. 33, 42 and 46 constituencies and then West to the Makhaleng River, where the Ntjepeleng stream joins it which is a common point for constituencies Nos. 33, 35 and 46 and thence North East up the Makhaleng for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile, and thence North West up a tributary to where it reaches the Qaba Road $\frac{1}{4}$ mile South West of Qaba store, and West and North along the road to a point $\frac{1}{2}$ mile South of the Malealea Road junction where a small stream crosses the road, which is the common point for Nos. 33, 34 and 35 constituencies; thence East along the stream to where it meets the point where the Malealea road turns East and thence along the road for $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles to where the road turns further east where it follows a small path in a Northerly direction for 1 mile to the Southern tributary of the Botsoela stream; thence down this tributary, passing to the North of Malealea to join the Botsoela stream and thence down the Botsoela to the junction with the Makhaleng; thence along the Maseru - Mafeteng District boundary up the Makhaleng River to where the District boundary turns North West along the Mamaebana stream and continue North East along the Makhaleng to the confluence of the Makhaleng river and Makhalaneng stream which is a common point for Nos. 24, 33 and 34 constituencies; thence along the common boundary with constituency No. 24 East along the Makhaleng and then up the Kubake stream to the starting point.

34. MALIEPETSANE

The Electoral Division of Loling, lettered R, and the portions set out below of the Electoral Divisions of Thabaneng, lettered Q, and Tajane, lettered P, in the district of Mafeteng; with the village or area of Sepaha Lekota in the Electoral Division of Tlali's, lettered C, in the district of Maseru. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LOLING (R):

Mpalipali Molomo, Kubutu Sehlabo, Soko Mpitl, Nkeo Nthonyana and Jonathan Phafoli.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF THABANENG (Q):

Joel Moholobela, Thaba Makepe and Masupha Seeiso.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TAJANE (P):

Leeba Makubuta, Sankoela Mpapa and Sekhoba Moholobela.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TLALI (C):

Sepaha Lekota.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 6910

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 24, 33 and 34 constituencies on the confluence of the Makhalaneng stream and Makhaleng River South down the Makhaleng river on the common boundary with No. 33 constituency to the Mamaebana stream where the common boundary follows the Mafeteng - Maseru District boundary, down to where the Botsoela stream joins the Makhaleng river; thence along the common boundary with constituency No. 33 to the common point for Nos. 33, 34 and 35 constituencies on the Matelile - Qaba road; thence in a Westerly direction along the tributary of the Khilibiting stream that rises at this point to the junction with the Khilibiting stream and thence North up the Khilibiting to its source immediately South of the village of Mosela-Sela, which is a common

point for Nos. 34, 35 and 36 constituencies; thence East to the top of Thabana - Ts'Ooana and thence North West in a straight line for $\frac{3}{4}$ mile to the North of Mosela-Sela village to join the tributary of the Moqetapoli river which rises on Thaba Tsioeu $\frac{1}{4}$ mile North West of Mosela-Sela and thence North down the tributary to its confluence with the tributary that rises on Thabana-Ts'Ooana, and Matelilie Mountain, thence South up this tributary for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile and then follow a stream in an Easterly direction towards the Makhake store for $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles crossing the Qaba road en route, and thence turn North East across the Raleqheka road, passing to the West of Emmaus Mission and follow the stream to the West of Makhake village to the top of the small mountain North of Emmaus; thence North North East in a straight line from the source of this stream to the source of the stream that rises on the same hill and flows in a North North East direction to the West of Mosala village and follow this stream to the junction with a stream flowing South at a point $\frac{1}{2}$ mile East of Moeaneng village and thence North up this stream to join the Maseru - Mafeteng District boundary at the source of the stream on the top of the cliff which is a common point for Nos. 27, 34 and 36 constituencies; thence East along the District Boundary and common boundary with No. 27 constituency to a point on the Mameabana stream where it leaves the District boundary and goes into the Maseru District to follow the common boundary with No. 27 Constituency along a tributary to the common point for Nos. 26, 27 and 34 constituencies, and thence East along the common boundary with No. 26 constituency to the common point on the Makhalaneng stream for Nos. 24, 26 and 34 constituencies and thence down the Makhaleng to the starting point.

35. MOUNT OLIVET.

In the district of Mafeteng, the Electoral Divisions of Kotisephola, lettered A, and 'Makong, lettered B: the village or area of 'Ma-Anna Letsie in the Electoral Division of Thabaneng, lettered Q; and the portions of the Electoral Division of Letlapeng, lettered D, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KOTISEPHOLA (A):

Bofihla Lerotholi, 'Mathabeng Konete, Taole Mokhoele, Tabela Sebili, Mpoelo Mafa, Mositi Thae, Malefane Mofoka, Nekola Tumo, Tsela Morero and Hlaele Lekoatsa.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF 'MAKONG (B):

Koenane Moshoeshoe, 'Mamalo (or Mammalo) Mokoenehi, Mokhachane Posholi, Mabatla, Makhaleng, Poshili Leluma, Lemonomono Monono, Sekhonyane (or Sekhonyana) Sebaki, Maphoma Leluma, Mapeshoane Leluma, Khilibiting and Mitchell Moramang.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LETLAPENG (D):

Khamanyane Letsie, 'Mamotena Ntlhakeng, Madina Pati, 'Mankhabu Tokonye and Matholi Shale.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF THABENENG (Q):

'Ma-Anna Letsie.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7317

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 33, 34, and 35 constituencies on the road south of Matelile Store, along the common boundary with No. 33 constituency south to the common point on the Makmaleng River for Nos. 33, 35 and 46 constituencies and thence south west along the Makheleng which is the Mafeteng-Mohales Hoek District boundary to where the Helehehle stream joins the Makhaleng; Thence following the district boundary up the Helehehle stream to its southern source on the Thabana Morena Mountain and thence in a straight line in a south west direction for 4 miles to a point on the Qhoqhoane River 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles south east of Ts'Oloane store where

where the track that starts from the store on the Mafeteng-Mohales Hoek Road, crosses the Qhoqhoane river, which is a common point for Nos. 35, 46 and 47 constituencies, thence follow the Mafeteng-Mohales Hoek district boundary north up the Qhoqhoane to the confluence of the two major tributaries of the river, $\frac{3}{4}$ mile north east of the village of Mahlehle which is a common point for Nos. 35, 37, and 47 constituencies. Leaving the district boundary follow the eastern tributary north, crossing the Helspoort Road, and continuing up river for $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles beyond the road to a point $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles

south east of Mats'Aba village, thence north east up a small stream for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to its source and thence continue north east for $\frac{1}{4}$ mile to a footpath, which is followed in a northern direction, through the lands for $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles to a point $\frac{1}{2}$ mile south east of Shalane village; thence in a straight line for 1 mile in a North North-East direction to the top of the hill at the end of the north west ridge of Thaba Ts'Oeu Plateau above Raletooane Village which is a common point for Nos. 35 36 and 37 constituencies and thence east along the ridge to the Trig Station of Thaba Ts'Oeu (Alt. 7583), and thence to the common point for Nos. 34, 35 and 36 constituencies at the source of Khilibiting Western tributary near Mosela-Sela village, thence following the common boundary with No. 34 constituency to the starting point.

36. WONKHOANENG.

In the district of Mafeteng, the Electoral Divisions of Ramokoatsi, lettered M, and Motsekuoa, lettered N; the village or area of Linaka Motumi in the Electoral Division of Motubatsane, lettered L; and the portions of the Electoral Division of Tajane, lettered P, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas :-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF RAMOKOATSI (M):

Solomon Sephula, Moiphepi Maholi, Moroallo Matekane, Daemene Mphasa, Mabusetsa Majoro, 'Nete Moshoeshoe, Matlere Mahso, Paulus (or Paulusi) Matete, Molefi Ramelelane, Tsenoli Tsenoli, Rabeng Khotso, Lithathane Matete, 'Mamonale Matete and Tsapo Oni.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOTSEKUOA (N):

Mamalahlisa Loto, Billie Elias, Tsoeunyane Qamako, Nkethoa Mahau (or Mahao), Moseli Mafa, Tumonyane Qamako, Mafa Paki, Mpapa Mohale, Mothofeela Sekhebe and Tsikela Lillane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOTUBATSANA (L):

Linaka Motumi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TAJANE (P):

Nkhahle Mohale's village, Thabo Malebanye, Lesaoana Molomo and Mabusetsa Rakhobose.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7019

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 27, 34, and 36 constituencies at the source of the small stream on the top of the cliffs to the north of Moesneng Village and on the Maseru-Mafeteng District Boundary, follow the common boundary with No. 34 Constituency South to Thabana Ts'Quana and thence West for a short distance to the common point for Nos. 34,

35, and 36 constituencies at the source of the Western tributary of the Khilibiting stream, thence west along the common boundary with No. 35 constituency to the common point for Nos. 35, 36 and 37 constituencies on the hill at the end of the North West ridge of Thaba-Ts'Oeu Plateau and thence west down the hill to where a small path from the west meets the path running south from Mahao Village to Shalane Village just North of a small stream, thence west along this small path to its junction with the track running North-east from Mafhonofane Village to the Store near Raletooane, across the track turning slightly south of west through the lands to rejoin the track where it divides at the source of the western tributary of the Litsahneng stream thence North through the lands alongside the west bank of the Western tributary of the Litsahneng for $2\frac{3}{4}$ miles to join the footpath running to the east of a large village on the new Mafeteng-Maseru road thence along this path north west to the source of the small eastern tributary of the Tsanatalanastream which is followed across the old Mafeteng-Maseru Road to the junction immediately west of the road with the major tributary that rises in the lands east of Raliemere village which is a common point for Nos. 36, 37 and 38 constituencies; thence north west along the ridge between the Tsanatalane and Litsahaneng streams to the smaller and eastern of the twin peaks above and to the North West of Lehlola Village which is a common point for Nos. 36, 38 and 40 constituencies, thence North East down the ridge past Tlatiatsana Village to join the Motubatsana stream $\frac{1}{4}$ mile below the confluence of the Motubatsana and Litsamaneng streams where a small stream from the East joins the main stream and thence north down the Motubatsana to a point $\frac{1}{2}$ mile due east of Khoeli Village where it turns east up a small stream to its source, thence north east for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile across lands to a small path and then north east along this path for $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles, to where it runs close to a small tributary of the Tsoaing River where it /

it leaves the path to follow the stream down to the junction with the Tsoaing River, $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south west of Ramaphiri Village, thence east up the Tsoaing River along the Maseru-Mafeteng District Boundary, to where the main Northern tributary joins the river, south of Masite Plateau, which is a common point for Nos. 27, 36 and 40 constituencies and thence south and east along the District Boundary and common boundary with No. 27 constituency to the starting point.

37. MAFETENG.

In the district of Mafeteng, the Electoral Divisions of Likhoele, lettered C, and Mafeteng, lettered E, and the portions of the Electoral Division of Letlapeng, lettered D, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas :-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LIKHOELE (C):

Likhoele, Kofo Matsaba, Mofihli Ratii, Boloko Mokhethi, Motsarapane Ramarothole, Mankimane Makhetha, Nqosa Qobete, Makhetha Khaliso and Simon Seetsi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LETLAPENG (D):

Moiisi Lerotholi, Lempetje Makhonofane, Matsoso, Mafa Mphulanyane, Motlohi Mothetsi, Lirahalibonoe Letsie, Leemisa Matsepe and Tlali Chopho.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAFETENG (E):

Lesaoana Sempe, Mafeteng Reserve, Masechaba Lichaba, Barrett Sekoati, Bereng Ramatlepe, Mothofeela (or Nthofela) Lebentlele, Sefali Koatanyane (or Kotoanyane), 'Maneo Tsitso, 'Mamofota Sefali and Mahlomola Lesia.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7927

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 35, 36 and 37 constituencies on the hill at the end of the North West ridge of Thaba Ts'Oeu Plateau follow the common boundary with No. 35 constituency south down the QhoQhoane River to the common point for Nos. 35, 37 and 47 constituencies where the western tributary joins the river north east of Mahlehle Village and thence north and west along the Maseru-Mafeteng District Boundary across Maboloka Mountain to Holywell Trig Station (Alt. 5496) on the border which is a common point for Nos. 37 and /

and 47 constituencies/^{thence} north west along the border to a point immediately north west of the Jammersberg Spruit, where the border crosses a small stream that passes to the south of Khojane village and thence North-East up this stream and turning South East up the first major tributary from the south 1 mile east of Khojane to where the east and west branches meet and a small footpath crosses the stream thence north east along this footpath continuing across the lands for a short distance to a dam wall and then south east through the small dam and up the stream for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to a point $\frac{1}{2}$ mile south west of the source of a small stream that flows North East; thence across the lands to this small stream and then down the stream for $\frac{1}{4}$ mile to the junction with the bigger stream that flows north north west at a point where a stream from the east joins the bigger stream and thence east up this stream following the Northern branch across the Mafeteng-Van Rooyen's Gate Road, $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Mafeteng, and on to where the Northern spur of the stream meets a small footpath; thence east along this path following it to where it joins the track running north from Mafeteng to Moglehli Village and across the track following a small footpath south east to a point half way along the edge of a small dam, thence north east through the dam following the tributary of the Ts'Ana-Talana/^{down}stream for $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles down to a point below the confluence with the eastern tributary that rises at Seetsi Village where a small stream from the east joins the main tributary thence; following this stream to its extreme eastern source and then east across the lands for $\frac{1}{4}$ mile to an isolated dam and thence north along a footpath through the lands to where it meets a small stream and down the stream for 1 mile to a dam; thence east at the dam to follow a footpath east across the lands for $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles to where the path meets a north east flowing stream which is followed /

followed to where the stream joins the Ts'Ana Talana immediately below the confluence of the main West and East tributaries; thence following the east tributary up stream to the point where it is joined by a small stream from the east which is a common point for Nos. 36 and 37 and 38 constituencies and thence south east along the common boundary with constituency No. 36 to the starting point.

38. GALABANE:

In the district of Mafeteng, the Electoral Divisions of Litsiroaneng, lettered F, and Patisi, lettered J (except the village or area of Motloheloa Monne) and the portions of the Electoral Divisions of Sekantsing, lettered I, and Motubatsana, lettered L, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LITSIROANENG (F):

Lekhari Lekhari, 'Matholoana Letsie, Sephele Sekese, Simon Khojane, Mokhethe (or Mokhesi) Mokhameleli and Troop Letsie.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEKANTSING (I):

Mahlomola Sekokotoane, Jonathan Mojela, Libenyane Mokhachane and 'Matilane (or Matilana) Mtseo.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PATISI (J):

Mphosi Matete, Samuel Maphathe, Matlokotsi Ratomo, Khoai Matete, Tsekelo Letsie, Leteketa Makhobalo, Ntsepe Malefane, Montoeli Mosoetsa, Mofoka Mojela and 'Masechaba Monaheng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOTUBATSANA (L):

Paseka Makopela, Seboka Ntai, Mokose Motumi, Setenane Nthinya, Azael Moorosi.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7323

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 36, 38 and 40 constituencies on the eastern twin peak above Lehlola Village follow the common boundary with No. 36 constituency south east to the common point for Nos. 36, 37 and 38 constituencies on the Ts'Ana Talana eastern tributary below the old Mafeteng-Maseru road and thence south and west along the common boundary with No. 37 constituency to the border at a point north of the Jammersberg Spruit which is a common /

common point for Nos. 37 and 38 constituencies; thence north west along the border to Ts'Upene Gate which is a common point for Nos. 38 and 39 constituencies/^{thence north}east along the road to Ts'A-Kholo lake for 4 miles, to a point $\frac{3}{4}$ mile east of Ramothunya Village, where a track from the Village crosses the road and thence east along this track to join the upper Ts'A-Kholo River in the marshes to the east of the lake and immediately to the west of the outlet of a Dam; thence up the river for $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles and then to the source of a small stream that flows south west into the river and thence ~~across~~ the lands and across the path running south east from Mojela to Mpeli to the source of the tributary of the Sekameng which passes to the east of Keketsi Village which is followed in a north east direction to where it crosses the road to the east of the ~~store~~; thence east ~~road~~ for $\frac{1}{4}$ mile through the marsh to join the eastern branch of the tributary which rises on the hill above and to the south of Rabeleng Village which is followed to its source on the hill and thence east across the saddle to Phogoane Trig Station (Alt. 6063) thence north east to the headwaters of the Likhetleng tributary that passes to the east of Nyaole village and follows it north to the confluence with the tributary that rises on the saddle between the twin peaks above Lehlola which is a common point for Nos. 38, 39 and 40 constituencies and thence up this stream to its source on the saddle and then east to the starting point.

39. THABA PHECHELA.

In the district of Mafeteng, the Electoral Divisions of Tebang, lettered G, and Ts'akholo, lettered H, and the portions of the Electoral Divisions of Sekantsing, lettered I, Patisi, lettered J, and Kolo, lettered K, which are set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TEBANG (G):

Lerotholi Mojela's village, Moeti Theko, Mats'osa Matso'sa, Mahlamola Lehloenya, Matsepe Monne and Tankiso Letsie.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TS'AKHOLO: (H):

Mahao Mokhejane, Moeketsi Masoetsa, Makhaola Mojela, Moleko Khetsi, 'Mamakhaba (or Mamakhabane or Mamakhabene) Letsie, Seeiso Leluma, Lehloka Chere, Manase Makhobalo, Lebamang Molise, Thekiso Moeletsi, Leuta Mahao, 'Maseeiso Mabotse and Phoka Leburu.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEKANTSING(I):

Malefane Mojela, Tjebase Mautsoe, Matsoso Mojela, Molapo Mojela and Daniel Seeiso.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PATISI (J):

Motlohelos Monne.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KOLO (K):

Maama Mofuta.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 6936

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 38, 39 and 40 constituencies on the Likhetleng eastern tributary north east of Mokhele go west along the common boundary with constituency No. 38 to the border at Ts'Upene Gate and thence north west along the border to the Caledon River, and

and North east up the river, to a point where the Sekameng River joins the Caledon which is a common point for Nos. 39 and 40 constituencies; thence south and east up the Sekameng River to its extreme northern source north of the road to Kolo Store and thence east across the lands for $\frac{3}{4}$ mile to the source of the last west-east flowing stream to join the Western tributary of the Likhetleng River $\frac{1}{2}$ mile south of Mosotho Village; thence down this stream and down the tributary to the confluence with the Likhetleng $\frac{3}{4}$ mile north west of Petlane Village and finally south to starting point.

40. TSOAING

In the district of Mafeteng, the Electoral Division of Kolo, lettered K, except the village or area of Maama Mofuta; the Electoral Division of Motubatsana, lettered L, except the villages or areas of Asael Mprosi, Paseka Makopala, Linaka Motumi, Seboka Ntai, Makose Motumi and Setenane Nthinya; and the Maseru district, the Electoral Division of Rothe East, lettered M, excluding the villages or areas of Tlotlollo Tjamela, Lepono Ramaphiri, Lewu Tjobe, Thoko Sakhi and Lekopa Mohapi; the villages or areas of Josias Moruthane and Mampiletso Leutsoa in the Electoral Division of Mantsebo's (Upper Qeme), lettered A; and the village or area of Mositoaeng Bagomi, in the Electoral Division of Matsieng, lettered B. It will include the following villages or areas:

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KOLO (K):

Mamosotho Mohlalefi's village, Joel Mohale, Mpho Mothuntsane, Tseko Letsie, Monkhe Matlili, Kali Ranko, Lenonyane Solo, and Mojaalefa Khechane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOTUBATSANA (L):

Ralebona 'Nere, Makhabiso Ramahloko, Petlane Petlane, Sehoete Nkhabu, Haleroe Bereng, Mabitso Sebatana, Motsabeng Sekopane, Motseki Ranthethe, Jacob Motlokoa, Tebelo Mphale, Teko Khali and Mitchell Bereng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MANTSEBO'S (UPPER QEME)(A):

Josias Moruthane and 'Mampiletso Leutsoa.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATSIENG (B):

Mositoaeng Bagomi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF ROTHE EAST (M):

Kosatobole, Kutu Tsilo (Rothe), Leoma Mosti, Koase Mohlouoa, Letebale Manete, (Maliele), Motlalentsoa Tlhoriso, Makopoi Mokhalinyane, Moramoholo Phakosne, Sekoati Mohanyetsa,

Letsie Sekhonyana, Lejoetsa Ramosoka, Mokhele Masilo, Toumane Leaba and Rothe.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7949

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 27, 36 and 40 constituencies, on the Tsoaing River, at its confluence with its major tributary $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles south south west of Masite Trig Station (Alt. 6832), West down the Tsoaing on the district boundary and common boundary with No. 36 constituency to the point south west of Ramaphiri, following the common boundary with No. 36 constituency into the Mafeteng District to the common point for Nos. 36, 38 and 40 constituencies on the twin peak above Lehola Village and thence North down the Likhetleng Stream on the common boundary with No. 38 constituency to the common point for Nos. 38, 39 and 40 constituencies on the Likhetleng North of Mokhele Village; thence along the common boundary with No. 39 constituency to the Caledon River border where the Sekamong River joins the Caledon which is the common point for Nos. 39 and 40 constituencies and thence east and north up the Caledon River border to where the Tsoaing river joins; thence up the Tsoaing along the Maseru-Mafeteng District Boundary and the common boundary with No. 31 constituency to where it turns north east into the Maseru District along the common boundary with No. 31 constituency to the common point for Nos. 27, 29, 31 and 40 constituencies on the Tiametlu River and thence south along the common boundary with No. 27 constituency to the starting point.

41. HLOAHLOENG

In the district of Mophale's Hoek, the Electoral Division of Qabane, lettered L, and those villages or areas of the Electoral Division of Maletsunyane, lettered M, set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF QABANE (L):

Phafoli 'Muso, Setabatebe Lerotholi, Motloang Tumahole, Phalo Phatela, Qoloane Lefa, 'Matsoene Lerotholi, Griffith Montsi, Ramatseatsana Mohaheng, Emili Matoboos, Moholonyane Matlosa's.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MALETSUNYANE (M):

Nkueme N. Lerotholi, Kanono Ramashamole, Lepekola Beluma, Sekhebetlela Tsiu, Malimo Makhepe, Khatiso Mophale.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 6822

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 21, 41 and 56 constituencies at the Tumahole Trig Station (Alt. 10,598); thence follow the Mophales Hoek-Qachas Nek District boundary south to where it joins the Orange River, which is the common point for Nos. 41, 55 and 56 constituencies and thence west along the river to a point which is the junction of the Mophales Hoek, Qachas Nek and Quthing District boundaries and which is the common point for Nos. 41, 48 and 55 constituencies, and on along the Mophales Hoek-Quthing District boundary on the Orange River to where the small stream that rises on the Moholi Hill joins the Orange $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles west of Mankata Village just west of a big bend to the south in the river and $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south east of Ha Khajoane School which is a common point for Nos. 41, 42 and 48 constituencies. Thence north up this stream to the source of the eastern branch one mile east of Moholi Trig Station (Alt. 8218); thence along the 7000ft. contour on the western side of Mount Moholi; and continuing along the 7000 ft. contour to the east of the Maletsunyane River in a generally northerly direction to the Maseru-Mophales Hoek District boundary just east of the Malutsenyane River which is the common point for Nos. 23, 41 and 42 constituencies, thence east along the district boundary and common boundary with No. 23 constituency to a point $3\frac{3}{4}$ miles south west of Tumamole which is a common point for Nos. 21, 23 and 41 constituencies /...

constituencies and thence on to the starting point.

42. THABA TELLE

In the district of Mofales Hoek, the Electoral Divisions of Kentane North, lettered N, and Kentane South, lettered O, with those villages or areas in the Electoral Division of Maletsunyane, lettered M, set out below. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KENTANE NORTH (N):

Moiphepi N. Lerotholi, Oetsi Mofumotse, Morenameng Khoeli, Lepolesa Setho, Samuel Lefoka, Ngoako Molapo (formerly Farlane Molapo), Thabo Matete, Motsomalisa Hlabana, Phoea Maime, Sello Sepelo, Molibeli Maime, Lira Lephoto.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KENTANE SOUTH (O):

Koali Sekhohola, Setho Tsiu Moshoeshe (formerly Tsiu Sekhebetlela), Malekholo Lerotholi, Habofanoe Kori, Toka Letsi, Ntebele Letsie, Hlabeli Matlabe, Mabotse Lerotholi;

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MALETSUNYANE (M):

Smith Chopo, Jobo Lerotholi, Makoe Lerotholi, Letlotlo Village, Theko Maama, Thabo Lerotholi, Seghoasho Pakela, Tlang Letsie, Ramosothoana Voloi, Blyth G. Lerotholi.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7566

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for No. 23, 41 and 42 constituencies on the Maseru-Mofales Hoek District boundary; thence south along the common boundary with No. 41 constituency to the common point on the Orange River for Nos. 41, 42 and 48 constituencies; thence west along the Orange River and district boundary between Mofales Hoek and Quthing to where the Tomonka Stream joins the Orange near Ha Muso Thatfoli; thence west up the Tomonka to a point above Ha Motopi taking the southern branch of the stream passing to the east of Ha Mafihlela Hlapise; thence to the source on the watershed between the Boja-Komo and Ketane catchment areas; thence to the Trig Station of Kokobe (Alt. 8345); thence west along Sehlabas-Kokobe to the north east end of Thaba Chitja Peak which is the source of the Moru-Motso and Bojakhomo Streams and the common point for Nos. 42, 43 and 45 constituencies; thence north along the watershed

between /...

between the Maphutseng and Ketane catchment areas to Thaba-ea-Malehloana which is the source of the Monyamong and Meru Metso streams and the common point for Nos. 42, 45 and 46 constituencies; thence north along Sehlatse-sa-Mamatsiu between the Ketane and Makhaleng catchment areas to Pedlars Peak Trig Station (Alt. 9541) on the Mochales Hoek-Mafeteng District boundaries; thence east along the district boundary and the common boundary with No. 33 constituency to the source of the Ribaneng Stream where it continues east along the Maseru-Mochales Hoek District boundary and the common boundary with No. 33 constituency to the common point for Nos. 23, 33 and 42 constituencies on the source of the east tributary of the Ketane River three miles north of Bati School; thence along the district boundary and common boundary with constituency No. 23 to the starting point.

43. QAQATU

In the district of Mochales Hoek, the Electoral Divisions of Mabilikoe and Phamong, lettered respectively I and G. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MABILIKOE (I):

Seepheephe Matete, Makose Shoaepane, Maseshope Lerotholi, 'Matsepo Lerotholi, Takane Khoai's, Motlatsi Matete (formerly Ntoetse Tsangoana), Moteane Lerotholi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PHAMONG (G):

Meso Motsepe, Isaac Ramashamole, Thetso Mothoko, Lenka Lepolesa, (including Bailey Shoaepane, Hlalele Panye, Seqolatsa Mohapi, Lephoto Nkhara), Mokete Khoabane, Ramohlalefi Lerotholi, Ikarabele Qacha, 'Mamohato G. Lerotholi, Kheleli Ntoi, Tankele Habi, Ts'itso Lerotholi, Molikuoa Malephane.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7808

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 42, 43 and 45 constituencies on Thaba Chitja; east along the common boundary with No. 42 constituency to where the Tomonka Stream joins the Orange River which is a common point for Nos. 42, 43 and 48 constituencies; thence down the Orange River which is the Quthing-Mochales Hoek District boundary to where the Mk'upha Stream joins the Orange two miles above Seaka Bridge and thence up the Mk'upha for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to the junction with the tributary that rises to the east of Ha Letlatsa Souko which it follows to the source; thence on to the watershed between the Mk'upha and Tlaling catchment areas known as Sehlabasamaeshe to Fika-la-Ts'oene Trig Station (Alt. 7690); thence along the watershed past Thaba-ea-Mamaeshe to Thaba-ea-Qhelele, the common point for Nos. 43, 44 and 45 constituencies; thence north along the watershed between the Maphutseng and Tlaling catchment areas, across Thaba-ea-Qhobosheaneng, Fika la Motho and Thaba-ea-Khorobetloa to the starting point.

44. MORIFE

In the district of Mohale's Hoek, the Electoral Division of Seaka Mekaling, lettered H; the Electoral Division of Brakfontein, lettered J, excluding the Mohale's Hoek Reserve; and the Electoral Division of Maphutseng, lettered K, excluding the villages or areas of Tsebiso G. Lerotholi and Tumane Letsie. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEAKA MEKALING (H):

Nkhetheleng Molomo, Shoaepane Soko or Sooko's, Moshe Lerotholi, Makeleme Lerotholi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF BRAKFORTEIN (J):

Nthonako Posholi, Thetso Posholi, Thabo Molilola.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAPHUTSENG (K):

Makhabane Lerotholi, Malefane Makhube, Ranko Makhakhe.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7629

BOUNDARY

Starting on Thaba-ca-Qhelale the common point for Nos. 43, 44 and 45 constituencies; South along Sehlaa-sa-Namaeshe and common boundary with No. 43 constituency to the common point for Nos. 43, 44 and 51 constituencies where the Mk'upha stream joins the Orange River; thence down the Orange River to the confluence with the Makhaleng River (Kornet Spruit); thence up the Makhaleng River and border to a point west of Lihloareng Hill and $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles down stream from the weir at Aloepoort Store in the Republic of South Africa, which is a common point for Nos. 44 and 45 constituencies; thence East to the top of Lihloareng Hill, to join the stream that rises on the Southern slope of the hill East of Lihloareng; North down the stream to where it joins the last North flowing tributary of the Makhaleng, East up the tributary through a small gorge to follow the Northern branch to its source

and thence Northwards across the lands to a point on the Mohale's Hoek - Quthing road 200 yards North of where the track running West from Ha Sekoati Posholi joins the road; thence across the road to the top of the ridge above Mebitsaneng and then along the ridge to the source of the Likoeneng stream; thence down the stream to its confluence with the Moshanyana stream and down the Moshanyana to its junction with the Maphutsong (Pampoen) River; thence up the Maphutsong to its confluence with the Tsatsi stream and thence up the Batsi stream past Maphutsong Store to the small dam; thence North East across the lands for $\frac{1}{3}$ mile to join the little Maphutsong stream and follow it to where the tributary that rises at Thabaea-Lehlohonolong joins at Thabab'a'Bosulu; thence East along the ridge past Thabab'a'Bosulu to the starting point.

45. MOHALE'S HOEK

In the district of Mohale's Hoek, the Electoral Division of Likoeneng Ward, lettered C; the Mohale's Hoek Reserve in the Electoral Division of Brakfontein, lettered J; and, in the Electoral Division of Maphutseng, lettered K, the villages or areas of Tsebiso G. Lerotholi and Tumane Letsie. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LIKOENENG WARD (C):

Goliath Moshoeshoe, Bolokoe Malabanye, Sechabaseoele Malenyane, Mosiuoa Malebanye, Monehela Tsepo, Lira M. Potsane, Sebueng M. Mohale, Sankatana Malebanye, Malebanye Malebanye, Libe Malebanye, George Tanki Mohale, Manhasipe or Khasipe Lecheche, Tlali Mohale, Kutlane Lethena, Lekholoa Tlali, Motlohi Ramarumo.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF BRAKFORTEIN (J):

Mohale's Hoek Reserve.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAPHUTSENG (K):

Tsebiso G. Lerotholi, Tumane Letsie.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7894

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 42, 45 and 46 constituencies on Thaba-ea-Malehloana; South along Sehlaba-sa Mamatsiu along the common boundary with No. 42 constituency to the common point for Nos. 42, 43 and 45 constituencies on Thaba Chitja and thence South along the ridge with the common boundary with No. 43 constituency to the common point for Nos. 43, 44 and 45 constituencies on Thaba ea Qhelele; thence West along the common boundary with No. 44 constituency to the border on the Makhaleng River beneath Lihloareng which is a common point for Nos. 44 and 45 constituencies, and thence North up the Makhaleng border to the confluence of the Makhaleng and Kolo-la-Pere Rivers which is a common point for Nos. 45 and 47 constituencies; thence up the Makhaleng River, across the Mafeteng - Mohale's Hoek road to a point where the West flowing stream which rises on Thaba-ea-Lihlolo joins the Makhaleng on the bend

$\frac{1}{4}$ mile South West of Ha Lebona Lebona which is the common point for Nos. 45, 46 and 47 constituencies; thence up this stream past Letsatsong, past Ts'epo to the source of the stream on the ridge to the West of the minor Trig Station (Alt. 7001); thence across the Trig Station and along the ridge to Thaba-ea-Mokhele and North East to Mukololoko oa Mokhele; thence North along the ridge for $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles to the source of Northern tributary of the Phiring stream which flows West South-West from this point; thence East across the upper Monyameng stream and along the top of small streams that flow South into the stream that passes to the North of Mapeshoane village; thence up the ridge to the starting point.

46. MPHARANE.

In the district of Mohale's Hoek, the Electoral Divisions of Thaba Tsoeu, lettered A, and Pontseng, lettered B. It will include the following villages or areas :-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF THABA TSOEU (A):

Nkhahle Phakiso, Lebona Lebona, Mohale Qajela, Mpheulane Lebona, Thaba Tsoeu Lebona, Qajela Lebona, Phiring Mohale, Mokhachane Phakiso, Motsabi and Sempe.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PONTSENG (B):

Setloela Mokhachane's, Kaphe M. Maphe, Matabole Silase, Teboho Phale, 'Mampepuoa Khosi, Selebalo Tokolosi's (or Thokolosi's), Masupha Bere, 'Maseqhobela Molomo, Sechaba Sekake's, Maama 'Mako's (now Sekake Mohale) Nokants'o (now Mopeli Mohale), Mahapela Sekake (formerly Nkhahle Mohale).

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 6916Boundary:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 33, 42 and 46 constituencies $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south-west of Pedlars Peak on the Mohale's Hoek-Mafeteng District Boundary; thence along the common boundary with No. 42 constituency to Thaba-La-Malehloana which is the common point for Nos. 42 45 and 46 constituencies; thence west along the common boundary with No. 45 constituency to the common point for Nos. 45, 46 and 47 constituencies on the Makhaleng River $\frac{1}{4}$ mile south west of Ha Lebona-Lebona; Thence up the Makhaleng River to its confluence with the Qhoqhoane River; thence up the Qhoqhoane to the common point for Nos. 45, 46 and 47 constituencies where the path from Ts'Olane Store crosses the river; thence north east along the common boundary with No. 35 constituency to where the Ntjepeleng stream joins the Makhaleng River which is a common point for Nos. 33, 35 and 46 constituencies; thence south east along the district boundary and common boundary with No. 33 constituency to the starting point.

47. TAUNG.

In the district of Mohale's Hoek, the Electoral Divisions of Taung North, lettered D, Taung Central, lettered E, and Taung South, lettered F. It will include the following villages or areas :-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TAUNG NORTH (D):

Moeketsi Thulo's, Lerungoana Mokoroane, Arthur Phuthi's.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TAUNG CENTRAL (E):

Mohlomo Monare, Besele Makhathe, Sechaba Bohosi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TAUNG SOUTH (F):

Monare M. Mokhele, David Raboroko, Lepekola Batere.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8262

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 35, 46 and 47 constituencies on the Qhoqhoane River where the track from Ts'Oloana store crosses the river; thence along the common boundary with No. 46 constituency south to the common point for Nos. 45, 46 and 47 constituencies on the Makhaleng River $\frac{1}{4}$ mile southwest of Ha Lebona-Lebona; thence south west along the common boundary with No. 45 constituency to the border at the confluence of the Kolo-La-Pere and Makhaleng Rivers which is a common point for Nos. 45 and 47 constituencies; thence west along the border to Border Beacon Trig Station (Alt. 6056), thence north along the border to Holywell Trig Station (Alt. 5496) which is a common point for Nos. 37 and 47 constituencies; thence east along the Mohales Hoek - Mafeteng District Boundary and common boundary with No. 37 constituency to where the district boundary meets the Qhoqhoane River which is a common point for Nos. 35, 37 and 47 constituencies; thence along the district boundary and common boundary with No. 35 constituency to the starting point.

48. QHOALI

In the district of Quthing, the Electoral Division of Seforong, lettered L; the villages or areas of Kubung and Qhoali Ha Ratsitso in the Electoral Division of Kubung, lettered M; and the villages or areas of Mphaki, Mphaki Ha Kelebone, Tsethe Ha Mokhosi, Ha Austen and Khakeng Ha Bannie in the Electoral Division of Mphaki, lettered N. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEFORONG (L):

Seforong, Ha Mankata, Tsekong, Ha Mosi, Ha Ntsie Phatela, Ha Douglas Phera, Qhoali Ha Ndami, Ha Leihloana, Qhoali Ha Tlhaku, Ha Jabavu.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KUBUNG (M):

Kubung, Qhoali Ha Rantsitso.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MPHAKI (N):

Mphaki, Mphaki Ha Kelebone, Tsethe Ha Mokhosi, Ha Austen, Khabeng Ha Bannie, Qhoale Ha Mapuleng.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7134

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 41, 48 and 55 constituencies which is the meeting point for the Mohale's Hoek, Quthing and Qacha's Nek district boundaries on the Orange River $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles south-east of Swartland Trig Station (alt. 6959); thence south and south-east along the Quthing - Qacha's Nek district boundary to the border at Pack Ox Nek which is a common point for Nos. 48 and 55 constituencies; thence south along the border to the source of the Qhoali stream and its western tributary which flows

north passing to the west of Mari which is a common point for Nos. 48 and 49 constituencies; thence west along the ridge for $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles and west along the north bank of the Qhoali tributary, crossing the tributary where it turns north and continuing along the ridge between the Quthing and Qhoali catchment areas to the source of the Borokoaneng and Lits'oeneng streams; thence down the western branch of the Borokoaneng stream to the confluence with the Borokoaneng at Mphaki's store; thence down the Borokoaneng to the confluence with the Qhoali stream; thence down the Qhoali to a point $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles west-south-west of Thaba Putsoa Trig station (alt. 7548); thence south-west up the Qheba stream to its source; thence across the watershed to the source of the northern branch of the Mokobobong stream and down the branch and then down the stream to where it joins the Orange River which is a common point for Nos. 43, 48 and 49 constituencies; thence north up the Orange River which is the Mohale's Hoek - Quthing district boundary and the common Boundary with No. 43 constituency to the Tomonka stream which is a common point for Nos. 42, 43 and 48 constituencies; thence along the district boundary and common boundary with No. 42 constituency up the Orange River to the starting point.

49. TSITSONG

In the district of Quthing, the Electoral Divisions of Sejamololi, lettered E, and Mount Austen, lettered O; the village or area of Qhoali Ha Qoane in the Electoral Division of Kubung, lettered M; and the Electoral Division of Mphaki, lettered N, excluding the villages or areas of Mphaki, Mphaki Ha Kelebone, Tsethe Ha Mokhosi, Ha Austen and Khakeng Ha Bannie. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEJAMOLOLI (E):

Sejamololi, Ha Malibe, Ha Makoe, Fikalemahloana.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOUNT AUSTEN (O):

Mohlakoana Ha Nking, Pulane Ha Lebesele.
(Metsimasooana Ha Lebesele Letsie), Maboloka Ha Mopeli, Mount Austen, Mount Austen Ha Jobo, Mount Austen Ha Tsepo Ramahloko.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KUBUNG (M):

Qhoali Ha Qoane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MPHAKI (N):

Tsitsong, Ha Lefelisa or Lefisa, Ha Tsepane, Tsethe Ha Tsiu Letsie, Maphooaneng (Pulane Ha Mpiti Lebesele).

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7166

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 43, 48 and 49 constituencies on the Orange River where it is joined by the Mokhobobong stream; along the common boundary with No. 48 constituency east and south

to the common point for Nos. 48 and 49 on the border at the source of the Qhoali stream; and thence south along the border to a point on the ridge $\frac{3}{4}$ mile south of Tsatsane Trig station (alt. 9684) which is the common point for Nos. 49 and 50 constituencies; thence north up the ridge to Tsatsane Trig station; thence north-west along the watershed between the Quthing and Sebapala River catchment areas crossing a Minor Trig station (Alt. 9344) to the source of the eastern branch of the Liseleng stream $\frac{1}{4}$ mile south-east of a Minor Trig station (alt. 8374) thence down the western fork of the east branch; thence down the east branch and the Liseleng stream to the confluence of the Liseleng and Quthing River; thence down the Quthing River to where it joins the Orange River which is a common point for Nos. 43, 49 and 50 constituencies; thence up the Orange River along the Mohale's Hoek - Quthing district boundary and common boundary with No. 43 constituency to the starting point.

50. TOSING

In the district of Quthing, the Electoral Division of Daliwe, lettered C; the Electoral Division of Mount Moorosi, lettered D; the Electoral Division of Maokeng, lettered B, excluding the villages or areas of Motsapi and Ha Malephane. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF DALIWE (C):

Tsatsane, Daliwe Ha Mafura, Daliwe.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOUNT MOOROSI (D):

Mount Moorosi, Masuoaneng Ha Mantsoepa, Lefikeng, Ha Koali.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAOKENG (B):

Maokeng, Likolobeng, Bolahla, Bolahla Ha Litau, Selomong, Bolahle.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7417

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 43, 49 and 50 constituencies where the Quthing River joins the Orange river; thence South East along the common boundary with No. 49 constituency to a point on the border $\frac{3}{4}$ mile South of Tsatsane Trig Station (Alt. 9684) which is the common point for Nos. 49 and 50 constituencies; thence South West along the border to the point on the end of a ridge that is the source of the Tsekong and Seba-pala streams that flow west into Basutoland and the Vuvy River which flows East into the Republic of South Africa and is $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles South South East of a minor Trig Station (Alt. 9599) which is a common point for Nos. 50 and 52 constituencies; thence West along the ridge between the upper Seba-pala and Tsekong streams to the confluence of the upper Seba-pala and Fisa streams; thence up the ridge to the North of the Fisa stream and along

the top of the ridge to Thaba Nts'o Trig Station (Alt. 9889); thence North East along the ridge to the hill that is the source of the Majoe-Matso and Likolobeng streams; thence North West along the watershed between the Sebapala and Majoe-Matso catchment areas to the source of the Mofukutsong stream and the tributary of the Majoe-Mats'o flowing West that passes to the North of Meslara village at a point where the two streams nearly meet on a small footpath which is a common point for Nos. 50, 51 and 52 constituencies; thence North along the ridge between streams to join the stream that rises halfway between Pontseng mission and Mongoli village; thence down the stream, down the waterfall to the junction with the stream that rises above Mongoli; thence to the Sebapala River and down the Sebapala River to the Orange River, which is a common point for Nos. 43, 50 and 51 constituencies; thence up the Orange River on the Mohale's Hoek - Quthing District boundary and the common boundary with No. 43 constituency to the starting point.

51. QUTHING

In the district of Quthing, the Electoral Division of Paballong, lettered H, excluding the village or area of Waterfall; the Electoral Division of Sebapala, lettered A; the Electoral Division of Mokanametsong, lettered I; and the villages or areas in the Electoral Division of Moyeni, lettered J, set out below, and those of Motsapi and Ha Malephane in the Electoral Division of Maokeng, lettered B. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PABALLONG (H):

Paballong, Ha Mosuoe.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOYENI (J):

Lower Moyeni, Makatseng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEBAPALA (A):

Sebapala, Ponto'seng, Pokane, Ha Kuebu, Ha Tamane, Ha Masunyane, Ha Potomane, Ha Bakhomo.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOKANAMETSONG (I):

Phahameng, Thaba Ntse'o, Ha Lekete.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAOKENG (B):

Motsapi, Ha Malephane.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7924

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 43, 50 and 51 constituencies where the Sebapala River joins the Orange River; along the common boundary with No. 50 constituency south east and south to the common point for Nos. 50, 51 and 52 constituencies on the ridge at the source of the Mofokutsong stream; thence west down the stream that passes north

of Meslara village to the confluence with the Majoe-Matso stream; thence down the Majoe-Matso for one mile to a point where a large tributary from the south joins it immediately north of a sharp turn to the south on the Quthing, Mohapi road; thence up this tributary following it to where a small west branch joins the larger eastern branch and then up the west branch for $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to a point $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles due west of Mohapi village; thence due west across the lands for $\frac{1}{3}$ mile to a small stream which is followed in a north-west direction to the confluence with the larger stream 1 mile south-east of the Quthing Post Office; thence south-west up the larger stream to its source on the ridge between the Majanyane and Silver Spring streams; thence north-west along the ridge to the south of the village; thence down the ridge to Masitae Mission; thence north-west across the lands to join the Telle Bridge - Quthing road just after the sharp turn to the east $\frac{1}{4}$ mile from the junction of the Telle Bridge and Seaka Bridge roads; thence west along the old road to Seaka Bridge which is a common point for Nos. 44, 51 and 52 constituencies; thence up the Orange River along the Mohale's Hoek - Quthing district boundary and common boundary with No. 44 constituency to where the Mk'upha River joins the Orange which is a common point for Nos. 43, 44 and 51 constituencies; thence along the district boundary and common boundary for No. 43 constituency to the starting point.

52. TELLE

In the district of Quthing, the Electoral Division of Sinxondo, lettered F; the Electoral Division of Mjanyane, lettered G; the Electoral Division of Qomo-Qomong, lettered K; the village or area of Waterfall in the Electoral Division of Paballong, lettered H; and the villages or areas set out below in the Electoral Division of Moyeni, lettered J. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SINXONDO (F):

Sinxondo, Dilli-Dilli, Sinxondo Ha Nkoto, Nkatsana.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MJANYANE (G):

Mjanyane, Mjanyane Ha Nemello, Mathole Ha Mathandane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF QOMO-QOMONG (K):

Ha Elia, Ha Mohapi Letsie, Ha Ramosiea, Kokobe Ha Moshati.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOYENI (J):

Ha Mochaso, Ha Daniel, Qomo-Qomong.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PABALLONG (H):

Waterfall (including Mabitseng, Bolepeletsa and Telle Ha Khakau.)

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7171

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for No.s 44, 51 and 52 constituencies on the Orange River at Seaka Bridge; thence along the common boundary with No. 51 constituency east to the common point for Nos. 50,

51 and 52 constituencies at the source of the Mofukutsong stream; thence south-east to the border at the source of the Tsekong stream which is a common point for Nos. 50 and 52 constituencies; thence west along the border to the confluence of the Tele River and Orange River which is the common point for Nos. 44 and 52 constituencies; thence up the Orange River along the Mohale's Hoek - Quthing district boundary with No. 44 constituency to the starting point.

53. MAKHEKA

In the district of Qacha's Nek, the Electoral Divisions of Linakeng, Mashai, Mashai II and Sehonghong, lettered respectively L, M, N, and O, with the village or area of Matebeng in the Electoral Division of Matebeng, lettered B. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LINAKENG (L):

Linakeng, Manamaneng, Mosehle, Masokoaneng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MASHAI (M):

Mashai, Khotsong, Namane, Paballong.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MASHAI II (N):

Linakeng (Maputsoe), Sankoela, Pitseng, Makheke, Bokhaosa, Mekoting.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEHONGHONG (O):

Sehonghong (including Clarke Tlhakanelo, Maama and Potso), Tebohong, Liqlaleng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATEBENG (B):

Matebeng.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7584

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 53, 56 and 57 constituencies at the confluence of the Semena and Orange Rivers; thence along the Qacha's Nek - Mokhotlong district boundary up the Orange River for $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles to a point $\frac{3}{4}$ mile south-east of Lihloaloeng which is a common point for Nos. 53, 57 and 59 constituencies; thence east along the district boundary to a point $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south-west of Kotisephola which is the common point for Nos. 53, 58 and 59 constituencies; thence on to the Sani Pass on the border which is a common point for Nos. 53 and 58 constituencies; thence south along the border to Mashai

Trig Station (alt. 10,862 ft.); thence west along the watershed between the Lequoa and Mashai catchment areas to Makakakeng and Kepisong Heights; and thence along the ridge between the Patiseng and Sehonghong streams to Mpara Trig station (alt. 8860); thence south down a ridge for $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles; and west down the ridge for $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles to where a north and a south tributary join the Matebeng stream 1 mile east up the Matebeng from the Orange; thence down the Matebeng to its junction with the Orange in the middle of the large bend to the east $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of Sehonghong store, which is a common point for Nos. 53, 54 and 56 constituencies; thence up the Orange River to the starting point.

54. TSOELIKE

In the district of Qacha's Nek, the Electoral Divisions of Melikane, Sehlabathebe and Hilltop, lettered respectively E, F and G; the Electoral Division of Matebeng, lettered B, excluding the village or area of Matebeng, and the village or area of Tsoelike in the Electoral Division of Rats'oleli, lettered D. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MELIKANE (E):

'Melikane, Litsoeneng, Thaba-Koto, Mosenekeng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEHLABATHEBE (F):

'Malibono, Thamathu, Mpharane, Leqooa, Sehlabathebe, Moshebi's, Tsatsalemeno, Ramatseliso's, Setsoasi, Mosafeleng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF HILLTOP (G):

Hilltop, Makhoareng, Mosafeleng, Phapaneng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATEBENG (B):

Maphotong, Ha Mangange, Ha Mosamaqa, Patiseng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF RATS'OLELI (D):

Tsoelike.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7741

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 53, 54 and 56 constituencies where the Matebeng stream joins the Orange river; thence along the common boundary with No. 53 constituency east to the Mashai Trig station (alt. 10,862) on the border; thence south-west along the border past De Kocks Gate to the small

peak that is the source of the Selabatho and Likaleng streams, that flow west into Basutoland and the Little Umzimvubu River that flows east into the Republic of South Africa at a point $\frac{3}{4}$ mile north-east of Montai Trig station (alt. 8155); thence west along the watershed between the Tsoelike and Sejabatho catchment areas for 4 miles to the source of Leteba stream; and thence north down the ridge between the Leteba and Likhohloaneng streams, along the footpath that passes Ha Matseka Kanana; thence west above Letebe village and north, crossing the Likhohloaneng stream where a tributary from the east joins; thence along the footpath towards Matlali village to a point where the footpath from the Mission joins; thence south west along the path to the Mission; thence west along the track to Tsoelike store to where it meets the small stream that passes to the west of Tsoelike store, and north down this stream to the junction with the stream that rises above Ratsoleli; thence down to the junction with the Orange River on a large east bend in the river $\frac{1}{2}$ mile north east of Makhaola village which is a common point for Nos. 54, 55 and 56 constituencies; thence up the Orange River to the starting point.

55. QACHA'S NEK

In the district of Qacha's Nek, the Electoral Division of Souru, lettered I; excluding the village or area of Likhakeng; the Electoral Divisions of Patlong and Pheelong - Whitehill, lettered respectively J and K; with the village or area of Ratso'leli's in the Electoral Division of Ratso'leli lettered D. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SOURU (I):

Souru, Rooijane's, Letlapeng (including Mama-katla, Hlapalimane and Sekete Sehahle), Mosaqane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PATLONG (J):

Patlong, Maboloka, Thaba-Chitja, Qhoalinyane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF PHEELONG -
Whitehill (K):

Whitehill, Sakeng, Mokatsanyane, Pheelong and Ha Mpiti (including Mphahama).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF RATS'OLELI (D):

Ratso'leli's.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 8210

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 54, 55 and 56 constituencies where a small stream joins the Orange River on the large bend $\frac{1}{2}$ mile north-east of Makhaola village; thence along the common boundary with No. 54 constituency east to the Border at a point north-east of Montai Trig Station (alt. 8155) thence west along the border to Fack Ox Nek which is a common point for Nos. 48 and 55 constituencies;

thence west-north-west along the Qacha's Nek - Quthing district boundary and common boundary with No. 48 constituency to the Orange River below Swartland Trig station (alt. 6959) which is a common point for Nos. 41, 48 and 55 constituencies and a point where the Qacha's Nek, Quthing and Mohale's Hoek district boundaries meet; thence up the Orange River on the Mohale's Hoek - Qacha's Nek district boundary and common boundary with No. 41 constituency to a point where the district boundary turns north-east up the hill to Thaba Bosulu where the Nkhoba stream joins the Orange which is a common point for Nos. 41, 55 and 56 constituencies; thence up the Orange River to the starting point.

56. THABA CHITJA

In the district of Qacha's Nek, the Electoral Divisions of Matsaile, Mochlanapeng and Tebellong, lettered respectively C, A and H, with the villages or areas in the Electoral Divisions of Rats'oleli, lettered D, and Sehonghong, lettered O, which are set out below, and the village or area of Likhakeng in the Electoral Division of Souru, lettered I. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATSAILE (C):

Matsaile, Mangeneng, Makeabating, Letsatseng, Letele's, Lebakeng, Ha Mosiuoa Posholi, Libobeng, Beselateng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOHLANAPENG (A):

Litsoetse, Bocheletwane, Mochlanapeng (Nakeli) Koma-Koma, Mochlanapeng (Tsiu).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TEBELLONG (H):

Liphakoeng, Tebellong (Mapiti), Tebellong (Stirling), Linakeng, Renghongosna, Tebellong (Maketekete).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF RATS'OLELI (D):

Maseepho and Liqalabeng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SOURU (I):

Likhakeng.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEHONGHONG (O):

Maboloka and Liqonong.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7810

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 21, 56 and 57 constituencies, which is also the common point for the Maseru, Mokhotlong and Qachas Nek District boundaries, on the Semena River $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles East of Thaba Tseka Mission, thence along the Mokhotlong-Qacha's Nek District boundary down to the confluence of the Semena and Orange Rivers which is the common point for Nos. 53, 56 and 57 constituencies,

thence South down the Orange River to the point where the Nkhoba stream joins the Orange, which is a common point for Nos. 41, 55 and 56 constituencies and for the Mohale's Hoek, Quthing and Qacha's Nek District boundaries; thence North-East along the Qacha's Nek - Maseru District boundary and common boundary with No. 41 constituency through the Tumahole Trig station (Alt. 10,598) which is a common point for Nos. 21, 41 and 56 constituencies and for the Maseru, Mohale's Hoek and Qacha's Nek District boundaries; thence along the Maseru-Qacha's Nek District boundary and common boundary with No. 21 constituency to the starting point.

57. LIHLAHLONG - MATSOKU

In the district of Mochotlong, the Electoral Divisions of Khamolane, Semenanyana and Bobete, lettered respectively J, I and K, with the villages or areas of Solomon Sekonyela and Malebitso Khubetsoana in the Electoral Division of Liseleng, lettered L. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF KHAMOLANE (J):

Qaiqailane Sekonyela, Kalanyane Mathaba (Khakhachane), Ntjabokane Sekonyela.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF SEMENANYANA (I):

Toeba Sekonyela, Qhogho Sekonyela, Hemi Sekonyela.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF BOBETE (K):

Takalimane Sekonyela, Leruo Tello, Makeka Letima.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LISELENG (L):

Solomon Sekonyela, Malebitso Khubetsoana.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 6907

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 6, 57 and 60 constituencies on the Mants'onyane (Motsoku) river where a stream from the East joins the river immediately South of where the Phororong stream joins the River; thence East up the stream and along the North tributary to its source following the ridge along the Bridle Path, passing to the North of Liseleng Trig station (Alt. 10,049) to the source of the Semenanyane river; thence South along the ridge to the East of the Semenanyane river to the source of the Makhoatsa stream 2 miles North North West of a mission station; thence South East along the ridge to the North East of the Makhoaba stream to a point $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles due East of Malingoaneng village; thence East down through the lands and

between the streams to join the Orange River immediately South of where the Makhoarane stream joins the Orange River, which is a common point for Nos. 57, 59 and 60 constituencies; thence down the Orange River to a point $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles above the confluence with the Semena River which is the common point for Nos. 53, 57 and 59 constituencies; thence down the Orange River along the Qacha's Nek - Mokhotlong District boundary and common boundary with No. 53 constituency to the confluence of the Semena and Orange Rivers, which is a common point for Nos. 53, 56 and 57 constituencies; thence up the Semena River along the Mokhotlong - Qacha's Nek District boundary and the Maseru - Mokhotlong District boundary to the confluence of the Semena - Mantsonyane rivers, which is the common point for Nos. 6, 21 and 57 constituencies and for the Maseru, Leribe and Mokhotlong District boundaries; thence up the Mantsonyane River along the Leribe - Mokhotlong District boundary to the starting point.

58. MOKHOTLONG

In the Mokhotlong district, the Electoral Divisions of Thabang, Moteanong and Limopong, lettered A, B and D respectively, and the Electoral Division of Motsitseng, lettered C, excluding Leshota Leshota's. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF THABANG (A):

Thabang, Seabata Lerotholi, Abisolome (Mofoka), Letsie, Kemuel Matete (Taepe Matete), Jeremia Lepipi, (Gladstone Letsie), Setha Matete.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOTEANONG (B):

Moliehi Mahlomola, Manthako Mohale, Blyth Matete, Mekhoa Posholi, Motlalepula Ralefatla.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LIMOPONG (D):

Majoang Khethisa, Makhahlela Lerotholi, Sofonia Makara, Nkuebe Letsie, Tsolo Manyokho, Ramabotho Makoetje, Lireng Mohale, Mosiuoa Lerotholi.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOTSITSENG (C):

Matlere Lerotholi, Nkherepe Lebopo, Tsenyehelo Makhabane, Moshe Mogeneheli, Tanki Lerotholi, Sankwane Matete, Molefi Phakisi.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7268

BOUNDARY:

Starting on the border at the source of the Orange River above Mnweni Needles; ^{thence along} the border South East and South to Sani Pass and the common point for Nos. 58 and 53 constituencies; thence North West along the Mokhotlong - Qacha's Nek District boundary and common boundary with No. 53 constituency to a point $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles South West of Kotisephola on the Sani Pass - Mokhotlong access track on the ridge above the source of Western branch of the Semonghong stream, which is a common point for Nos. 53, 58 and 59 constituencies; thence down this tributary

to its confluence with the Semonghong River at Maboan's Beer Hall; thence North West down the Sehonghong to its confluence with the Orange River; thence North up the Orange River through the point where the stream that rises on the minor Trig Station (Alt. 9,706) on Thaba Popa Ridge joins the Orange immediately North of where the Letlapeng stream joins the Orange which is a common point for Nos. 58, 59 and 60 constituencies; thence North up the Orange River to the starting point.

59. POPA-LINAKANENG

In the Mokhotlong District, the Electoral Divisions of Molumong, Matjoja, Ntjolo and Ratau, lettered respectively O, M, N and H. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOLUMONG (O):

Lerato Rafolatsane, Mabina Lerotholi, Napo Moshoeshe, Abia Khoeli (or Seeiso Khoeli), Moea Kubutu.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MATJOTA (M):

Sejakhosi Rafolatsane, Tsoenemotho Mokhachane, Mohlomola Monyake, Letlatsa Rafolatsane, Tumisang Rafolatsane.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF NTJOLO (N):

Mohale Tsita, Rafolatsane Rafolatsane, Mōtho-ea-Sebaka, Mosenki, Mofana Morojele, Ntsebele Molomo, Motebang Lekhotsa.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF RATAU (H):

Mohlabakobo Sekonyela, Molefe Alotsi, Moharasoa Montoeli.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 7318

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 58, 59 and 60 constituencies on the Orange River North of Letlapeng stream; thence South down the Orange River and up the Semonghong River along the common boundary with No. 58 constituency to the common point for Nos. 53, 58 and 59 constituencies South West of Kotisephola; thence West along the Mokhotlong - Qacha's Nek District boundary and the common boundary with No. 53 constituency to the common point for Nos 53, 57 and 59 constituencies on the Orange River $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles North of the confluence with the Semena River; thence North up the Orange River along the common boundary with No. 57 constituency through the common point for Nos. 57, 59 and 60

constituencies South of the Makhoarane stream; thence up the Orange River to its confluence with the Khubelu River; thence to a point on the Khubelu River $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles up-stream from the confluence of the Seate stream and Khubelu River and 2 miles due East of Rammeleke village where the stream that starts on the minor Trig Station (Alt. 9706) on Popa Mountain Ridge joins the Khubelu; thence East up this stream to the Trig Station (Alt. 9706) on Thaba Popa Ridge which is the watershed between the Khubelu and Orange Rivers; thence East down the stream from the Trig Station to the starting point.

60. KHUBELU

In the Mokhotlong District, the Electoral Divisions of Molikaliko, Mapholaneng, and Tloharebue, lettered respectively E, F, and G; the village or area of Leshota Leshota in the Electoral Division of Motsitseng, lettered C; and the village or area of Joel Tsoeu in the Electoral Division of Liseleng, lettered L. It will include the following villages or areas:-

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOLIKALIKO (E):

Khanyapa, Sekonyela, Noosi Mahasane, Tootse Sekonyela.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MAPHOLANENG (F):

Qatsa Lehema, Kariki (Setempe) Sekonyela, Liselo Letlaka, Lebaka Lethunya, 'Matoka Rammeleke, (Semai Sekonyela).

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF TLOHAREBUE (G):

Matsohlo Sekonyela, Makalo Sekonyela.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF MOTSITSENG (C):

Leshota Leshota's.

IN THE ELECTORAL DIVISION OF LISELENG (L):

Joel Tsoeu's.

ESTIMATED ADULT POPULATION: 6949

BOUNDARY:

Starting at the common point for Nos. 1 and 60 constituencies on the border where the Eland River rises; thence along the border to the source of the Orange River, which is the common point for Nos. 58 and 60 constituencies; thence South down the Orange on the common boundary with No. 58 constituency to the common point for Nos. 58, 59 and 60 constituencies above Letlapeng stream; thence West and South along the common boundary with No. 59 constituency to the common point for Nos. 57, 59

and 60 constituencies on the Orange River South of Makhoabong stream; thence North West along the common boundary with No. 57 constituency to the common point for Nos. 6, 57 and 60 constituencies on the Mantsonyane River; thence along the Leribe - Mokhotlong District boundary and the Mokhotlong - Buthe Buthe District boundary to the starting point.

APPENDIX II

List of 1/50000 maps referred to in paragraph 34 of the Report, upon which boundaries of constituencies have been delineated and which have been delivered to the Chief Secretary for safe custody:-

1. Map of Butha Buthe District showing constituencies Nos. 1, 2 and 3.
2. Map of Leribe District showing constituencies Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13.
3. Map of Berea District showing constituencies Nos. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20.
4. Map of Maseru District showing constituencies Nos. 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 40.
5. Map of Mafeteng District showing constituencies Nos. 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38 and 39.
6. Map of Mohale's Hoek District showing constituencies Nos. 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46 and 47
7. Map of Quthing District showing constituencies Nos. 48, 49, 50, 51 and 52.
8. Map of Qache's Nek District showing constituencies Nos. 53, 54, 55 and 56.
9. Map of Mokhotlong District showing constituencies Nos. 57, 58, 59 and 60.

APPENDIX III

Short List of Constituencies, with Sketch Map showing positions and approximate boundaries.

No.	Name	Estimated Adult Population
1	Matsoaing	7347
2	Hololo	7281
3	Tsime	7773
4	Lipelaneng	8063
5	Malibamatso	7010
6	Kolberg	6841
7	Pela Tsoeu	7558
8	Mphosong	8004
9	Qoqolosing	7390
10	Likhakeng	7827
11	Hlotse	8272
12	Likhetlane	8072
13	Manka	8268
14	Phuthiatsana	8016
15	Koeneng	7888
16	Masalemane	6852
17	Khafung	8177
18	Malimong	7697
19	Ts'oana-Makhulo	7907
20	Berea	7306
21	Thaba Moea	6922
22	Sengunyane	6952
23	Maletsunyane	7185
24	Makhaleng	7033
25	Thaba-Putsoa	7408
26	Thaba Li 'Mele	7115
27	Thabana Nts'onyana	7321
28	Matela	8127
29	Maama	8087
30	Qiloane	8064

APPENDIX III (cont.)

No.	Name	Estimated Adult Population
31	Qeme	8255
32	Maseru	8152
33	Masemouse	7088
34	Maliepetsane	6910
35	Mount Olivet	7317
36	Monkhoaneng	7019
37	Mafeteng	7927
38	Qalabane	7323
39	Thaba Phechela	6936
40	Tsoaing	7949
41	Hloahloeng	6822
42	Thaba Telle	7566
43	Qaqatu	7808
44	Morife	7629
45	Mohale's Hoek	7894
46	Mpharane	6916
47	Taung	8,262
48	Qhoali	7134
49	Tsitsong	7166
50	Tosing	7417
51	Quthing	7924
52	Telle	7171
53	Makheka	7584
54	Tsoelike	7741
55	Qacha's Nek	8210
56	Thaba Chitja	7810
57	Lihlaahloeng-Matsoku	6907
58	Mokhotlong	7268
59	Popa-Linakaneng	7318
60	Khubelu	6,949
TOTAL		452,135